

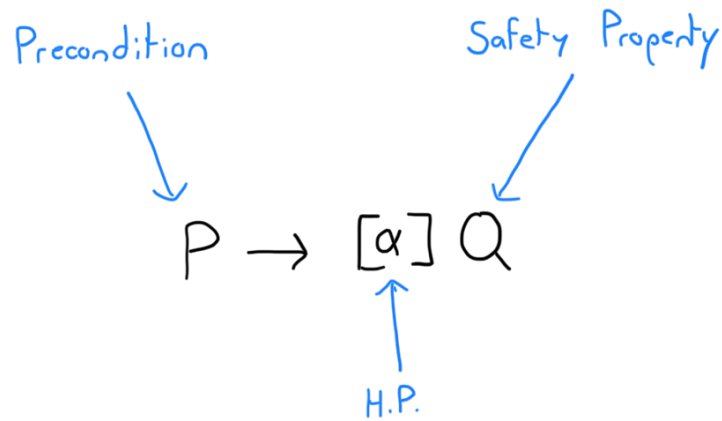
Recitation 2

Logic and transition relations

Last week

$$d\mathcal{L} = \underbrace{\text{FOL}_{\text{IR}}}_{\text{Last week}} + \text{HP} + \underbrace{\text{Modalities}}_{[\cdot], \langle \cdot \rangle}$$

This week



Recap: FOLIR

Terms $e ::= c \mid x \mid e_1 + e_2 \mid e_1 \cdot e_2$

\mathbb{Q}

Formulas $P, Q := e_1 \sim e_2 \mid \neg P \mid P \vee Q \mid \dots \mid \exists x P \mid \forall x P$
 \uparrow
 $e \in \{=, <, >, \leq, \geq\} \quad \mid \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P$

H.P. $\alpha := x := e \mid ?a \mid \{x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q\}$
 $\mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha^*$

Semantics

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Term} \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \mathbb{R})$

If $\omega(x) = 2$, then $\omega \llbracket x+1 \rrbracket = 3$

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Formula} \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(\text{State})$

$\llbracket x=0 \rrbracket = \{\omega \mid \omega(x) = 0\}$

$\llbracket \exists y, x=y^2 \rrbracket = \{\omega \mid \omega(x) \geq 0\}$

$\llbracket \forall x \exists y x=y^2 \rrbracket = \emptyset \quad (\text{unsat})$

$\llbracket \exists y x+y=0 \rrbracket = \text{State} \quad (\text{valid})$

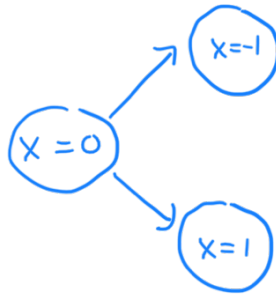
A semantics for Hybrid Programs

Attempt 1

$$[\cdot] : HP \rightarrow (\text{State} \rightarrow \text{State})$$

Does not handle nondeterminism!

Example: $x := x+1 \cup x := x-1$



Better definition

$$[\cdot] : HP \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathcal{P}(\text{State} \times \text{State})}_{\text{set of transitions}}$$

$$[\alpha] = \left\{ (w, v) \mid \begin{array}{l} \text{one can transition from} \\ w \text{ to } v \text{ by running } \alpha \end{array} \right\}$$

current state final state

Defining the semantics of I.P.s
case by case

$$\alpha ::= \underbrace{x := e \mid ?a \mid \{x' = f(x) \& a\}}_{\text{atomic}} \mid \underbrace{\alpha; \beta \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha^*}_{\text{composite}}$$

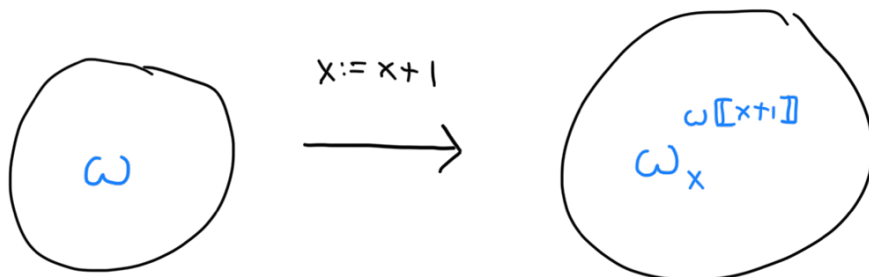
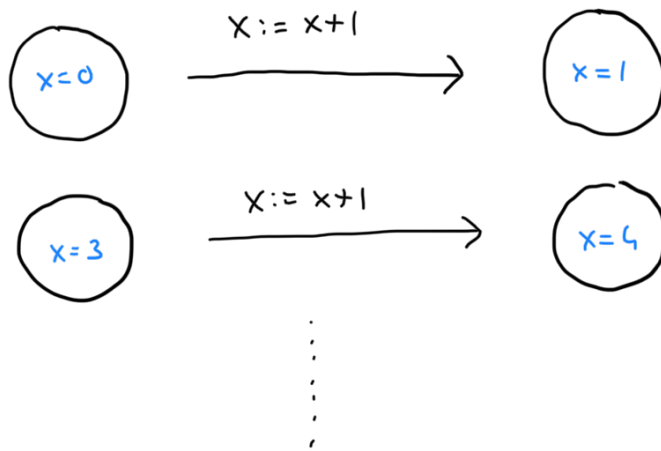
$x := e$

$$\llbracket x := e \rrbracket = \{ (\omega, \nu) \mid \omega = \nu \text{ except } \nu(x) = \omega \llbracket e \rrbracket \}$$

When is (ω, ν) a valid transition for $x := e$?

- $J(x) = \omega[e]$
- $J(y) = \omega(y) \quad (x \neq y)$

With diagrams!



$$\llbracket x := e \rrbracket = \left\{ (\omega, \omega_x^{\omega \llbracket e \rrbracket}}) \right\}$$

$?a$

$\omega \in \llbracket a \rrbracket$



$\omega \notin \llbracket a \rrbracket$



$$\llbracket ?a \rrbracket = \left\{ (\omega, \omega) \mid \omega \in \llbracket a \rrbracket \right\}$$

Why tests?

→ Constrain nondeterminism

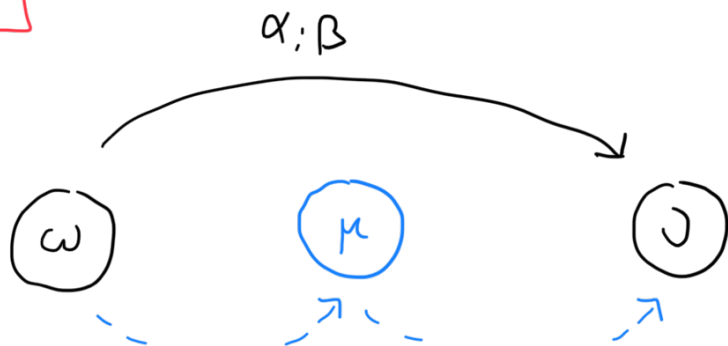
Example: $\underbrace{(?v \& L; a := A)}_{\text{brake}} \cup \underbrace{(a := -B)}_{\text{accelerate}}$

$$\{ x' = f(x) \ \& \ a \}$$

See later.

Composite Programs

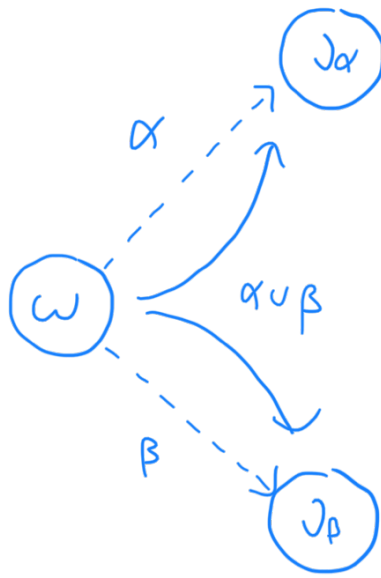
$$\alpha; \beta$$





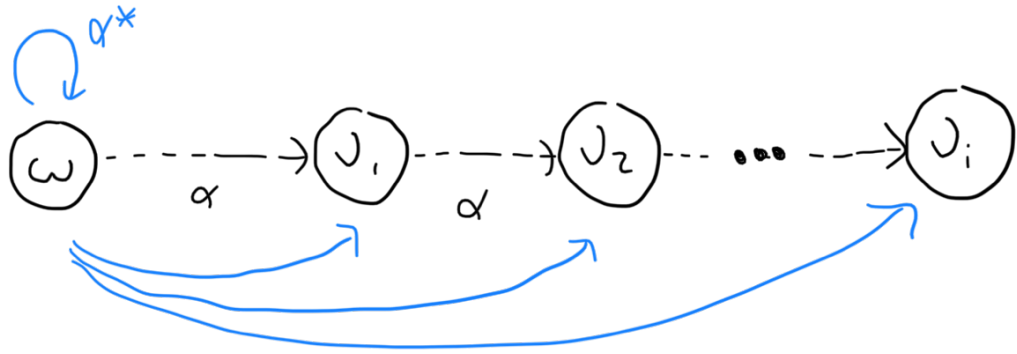
$$[\alpha; \beta] = \{ (\omega, \nu) \mid (\omega, \mu) \in [\alpha], (\mu, \nu) \in [\beta] \}$$

$$\alpha \cup \beta$$



$$[\alpha \cup \beta] = [\alpha] \cup [\beta]$$

α^*



$$[\alpha^*] = \bigcup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} [\alpha^i] \quad \text{where} \quad \begin{cases} \alpha^0 = \text{? true} \\ \alpha^{i+1} = \alpha^i; \alpha \end{cases}$$

Exercise

What is $[[x := 0; ((x := x+1)^* \cup (x := x-1)^*)]]$?

||

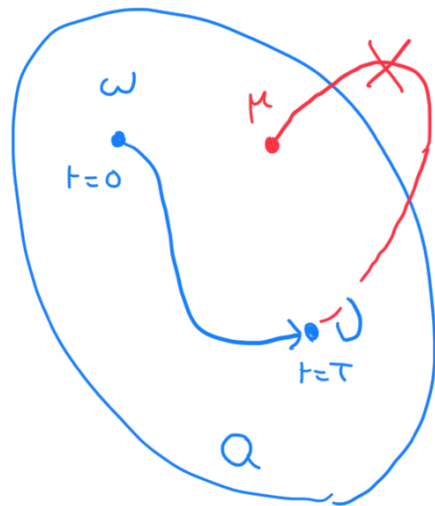
$$\{(\omega, \omega_x^n) \mid n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

Semantics of ODEs

$$\{x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q\}$$

$$(\omega, \nu) \in \llbracket x' = f(x) \ \& \ Q \rrbracket$$

\Leftrightarrow There exists T s.t.



Formally:

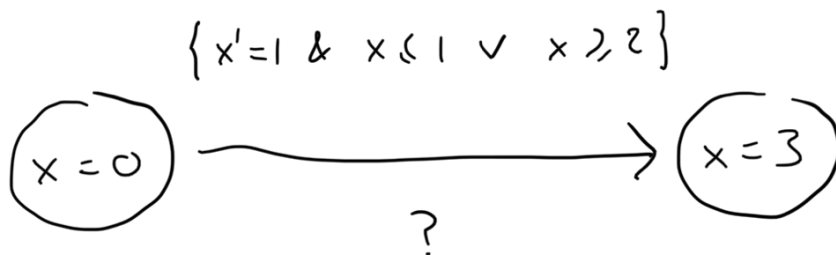
$(\omega, \nu) \in \llbracket \{x' = e_1, y' = e_2 \ \& \ a\} \rrbracket$ iff

there exists $T \geq 0$ s.t.

there exists $\varphi: [0, T] \rightarrow \text{State}$ s.t.

- $\varphi(0) = \omega$
- $\varphi(T) = \nu$
- $\varphi'(t)(x) = \varphi(t) \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \quad (t \in [0, T])$
- $\varphi'(t)(y) = \varphi(t) \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket \quad (t \in [0, T])$
- $\varphi(t) \in \llbracket a \rrbracket \quad (t \in [0, T])$

Exercise



Modalities

$$\llbracket [\alpha]P \rrbracket = \{ \omega \mid \forall v \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for all } (w,v) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \}$$

↳ P holds after all runs of α

$$\llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket = \{ \omega \mid \exists v \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for some } (w,v) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \}$$

↳ There exists a run of α
after which P holds.

Exercises

$$\llbracket [\text{?}x > 0] \text{ } 0=1 \rrbracket = \{ \omega \mid \omega(x) \leq 0 \}$$

Satisfiable

But $x < 0 \rightarrow [\text{?}x > 0] \text{ } 0=1$ valid!

$$\llbracket \langle \text{?}x > 0 \rangle \text{ } 0=1 \rrbracket = \emptyset$$

unsat

$$\left[\left[\{ x^1 = 1 \ \& \ x \leq 5 \} \right] \ x \leq 5 \right] = \text{State} \\ (\text{valid})$$

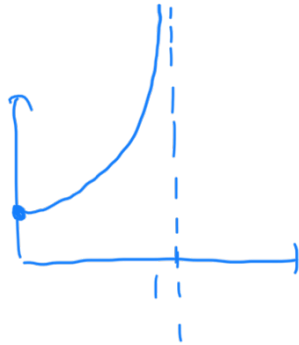
$$\left[\langle \{ x^1 = 1 \ \& \ x \leq 5 \} \rangle \ 0 = 0 \right] = \{ \omega \mid \omega(x) \leq 5 \} \\ (\text{satisfiable})$$

BONUS

$$\langle \{ x^1 = x^2, \ t^1 = 1 \} \rangle \ t \gg 5$$

Satisfiable but not valid:

$$\omega(x)=1, \omega(t)=0 \Rightarrow x(t) = \frac{1}{1-t}$$



With Keymaera X

[...]