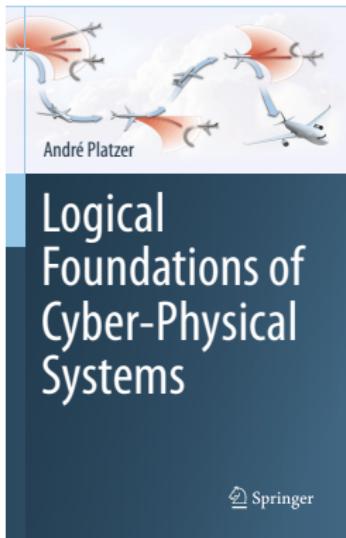


11: Differential Equations & Proofs

Logical Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems



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- 1 Learning Objectives
- 2 Differential Invariants
 - Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
 - Soundness: Derivations Lemma
 - Differential Weakening
 - Equational Differential Invariants
 - Differential Invariant Inequalities
 - Disequational Differential Invariants
 - Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
 - Conjunctive Differential Invariants
 - Disjunctive Differential Invariants
 - Assuming Invariants
- 3 Differential Cuts
- 4 Soundness
- 5 Summary

1 Learning Objectives

2 Differential Invariants

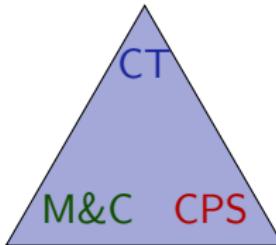
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3 Differential Cuts

4 Soundness

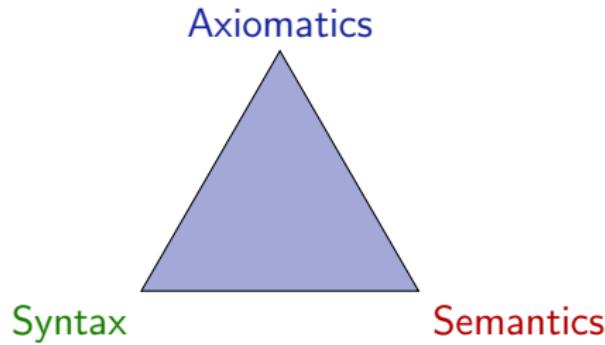
5 Summary

- discrete vs. continuous analogy
- rigorous reasoning about ODEs
- beyond differential invariant terms
- differential invariant formulas
- cut principles for differential equations
- axiomatization of ODEs
- differential facet of logical trinity



understanding continuous dynamics
relate discrete+continuous

operational CPS effects
state changes along ODE



Syntax defines the notation

What problems are we allowed to write down?

Semantics what carries meaning.

What real or mathematical objects does the syntax stand for?

Axiomatics internalizes semantic relations into universal syntactic transformations.

How does the semantics of $e \geq \tilde{e}$ relate to semantics of $e - \tilde{e} \geq 0$, syntactically? What about derivatives?

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Syntax

$$e ::= x \mid x' \mid c \mid e + k \mid e \cdot k \mid (e)'$$

Semantics

$$\omega \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega)$$

$$(e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$(e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

$$(c())' = 0$$

for constants/numbers $c()$

$$(x)' = x'$$

for variables $x \in \mathcal{V}$

Axioms

$$\llbracket x' = f(x) \& Q \rrbracket = \{(\varphi(0)|_{\{x'\}^{\complement}}, \varphi(r)) : \varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$$

for some $\varphi : [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$, some $r \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\varphi(z)(x') = \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z)$$

...

ODE

Differential Substitution Lemmas

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ for duration $r > 0$, then for all $0 \leq z \leq r$, $FV(e) \subseteq \{x\}$:

$$\varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

Lemma (Differential assignment)

(Effect on Differentials)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ then $\varphi \models P \leftrightarrow [x' := f(x)]P$

Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$(e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$(e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

$$(c())' = 0 \quad \text{for constants/numbers } c()$$

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Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

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Lemma (Differential assignment)

(Effect on Differentials)

$$DE \ [x' = f(x) \wedge Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \wedge Q][\textcolor{red}{x' := f(x)}]P$$

Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+': (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$.' : (e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

$$c': (c())' = 0$$

$$x': (\textcolor{blue}{x})' = x'$$

Lemma (Derivations)

- + $'$ $(e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$
- . $'$ $(e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$
- c' $(c())' = 0$
- x' $(x)' = x'$

(Equations of Differentials)

Lemma (Derivations)

$$+ \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

(Equations of Differentials)

Proof.

$$\omega \llbracket (e + k)' \rrbracket =$$



Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\omega \llbracket (e + k)' \rrbracket = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega)$$



Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\omega \llbracket (e + k)' \rrbracket = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\llbracket e \rrbracket + \llbracket k \rrbracket)}{\partial x}(\omega)$$



Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned}\omega \llbracket (e + k)' \rrbracket &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial \llbracket e + k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\llbracket e \rrbracket + \llbracket k \rrbracket)}{\partial x}(\omega) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \left(\frac{\partial \llbracket e \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) + \frac{\partial \llbracket k \rrbracket}{\partial x}(\omega) \right)\end{aligned}$$



Lemma (Derivations)

(Equations of Differentials)

$$+ \quad (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

Proof.

$$\begin{aligned}\omega[\![(e + k)']\!] &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [\![e + k]\!]}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial (\![e]\! + \![k]\!)}{\partial x}(\omega) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \left(\frac{\partial [\![e]\!]}{\partial x}(\omega) + \frac{\partial [\![k]\!]}{\partial x}(\omega) \right) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [\![e]\!]}{\partial x}(\omega) + \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [\![k]\!]}{\partial x}(\omega)\end{aligned}$$



Lemma (Derivations)

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Proof.

$$\begin{aligned}\omega[(e+k)'] &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [e+k]}{\partial x}(\omega) = \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial ([e] + [k])}{\partial x}(\omega) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \left(\frac{\partial [e]}{\partial x}(\omega) + \frac{\partial [k]}{\partial x}(\omega) \right) \\ &= \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [e]}{\partial x}(\omega) + \sum_x \omega(x') \frac{\partial [k]}{\partial x}(\omega) \\ &= \omega[(e)'] + \omega[(k)']\end{aligned}$$

□

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□

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

If $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ for duration $r > 0$, then for all $0 \leq z \leq r$, $FV(e) \subseteq \{x\}$:

$$\varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

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$$DE \ [x' = f(x) \wedge Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \wedge Q][x' := f(x)]P$$

Lemma (Derivations)

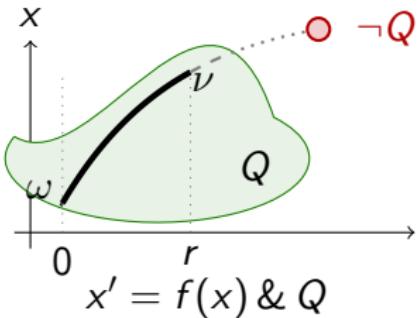
(Equations of Differentials)

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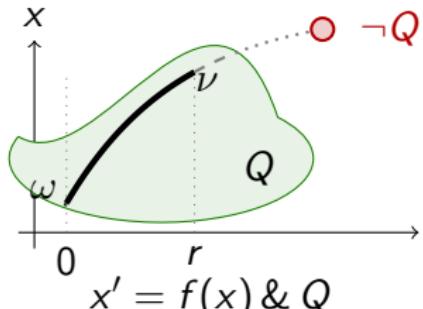


$\llbracket x' = f(x) \& Q \rrbracket = \{(\varphi(0)|_{\{x'\}^{\complement}}, \varphi(r)) : \varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge \textcolor{red}{Q}$
 for some $\varphi : [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$, some $r \in \mathbb{R}\}$

ODE

$$\varphi(z)(x') = \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z)$$

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

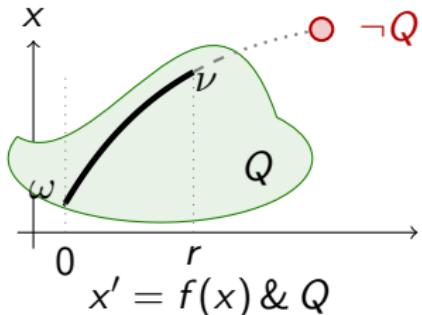


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for some $\varphi : [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$, some $r \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$$\varphi(z)(x') = \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z)$$

Differential equations cannot leave their domains.

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

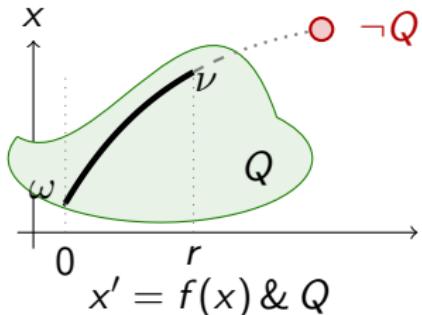


Example (Bouncing ball)

$$\text{DW } \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

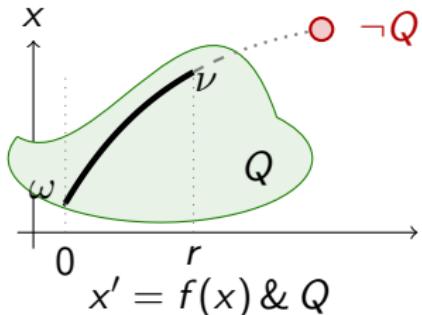


Example (Bouncing ball)

$$\frac{\text{G } \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] (x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x)}{\text{DW } \vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x}$$

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$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

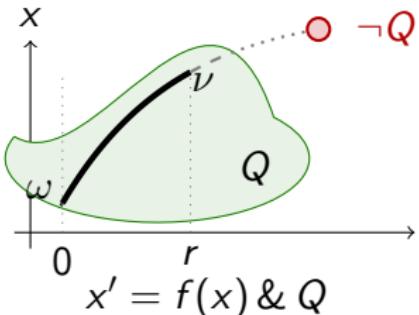


Example (Bouncing ball)

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \dfrac{}{\vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x} \\ G \dfrac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] (x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x)} \\ \text{DW} \dfrac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x} \end{array}$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$



Example (Bouncing ball)

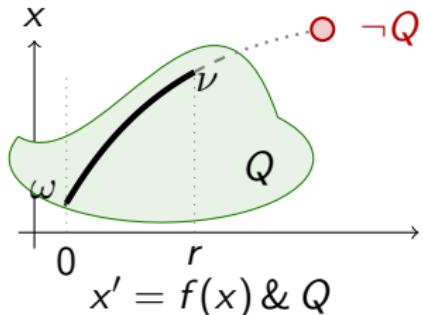
$$\begin{array}{c}
 * \\
 \text{R} \frac{}{\vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x} \\
 \text{G} \frac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] (x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x)} \\
 \text{DW} \frac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x}
 \end{array}$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

Differential Weakening

$$\text{dW} \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}$$

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$



Example (Bouncing ball)

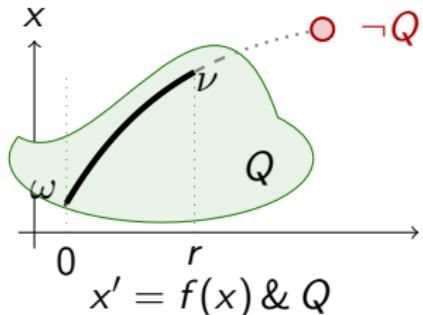
$$\begin{array}{c} * \\ \text{R} \frac{}{\vdash x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x} \\ \text{G} \frac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0](x \geq 0 \rightarrow 0 \leq x)} \\ \text{DW} \frac{}{\vdash [x' = v, v' = -g \& x \geq 0] 0 \leq x} \end{array}$$

No need to solve any ODEs to prove that bouncing ball is above ground.

Differential Weakening

$$\text{dW} \frac{Q \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}$$

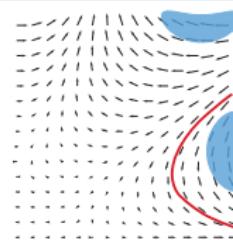
$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$



Example (Bouncing ball)

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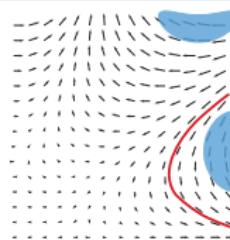
Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)] e = 0 \leftrightarrow e = 0) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' = 0$$

$$\text{DE } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)]P$$

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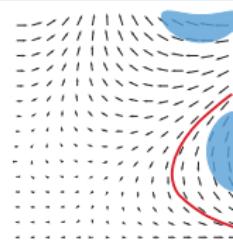
Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

DI $([x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0 \leftrightarrow [?Q]e = 0) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0$

DE $[x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)]P$

DW $[x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

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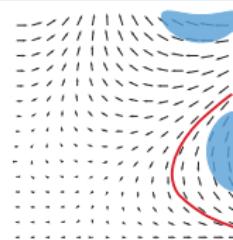
$$\text{DE } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)]P$$

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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

□

$$\text{DI} \quad \frac{}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

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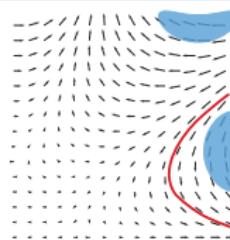
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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

□

$$\text{DE} \quad \frac{}{\vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0} \\ \text{DI} \quad \frac{}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

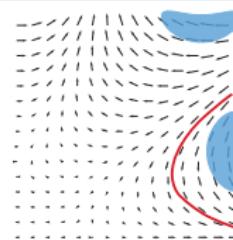
$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x) \& Q] e = 0 \leftrightarrow [?Q]e = 0) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q] (e)' = 0$$

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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \text{DW} \qquad \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)](e)' = 0 \\ \text{DE} \qquad \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0 \\ \text{DI} \quad e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0 \end{array}}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$
□



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x) \& Q] e = 0 \leftrightarrow [?Q]e = 0) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q] (e)' = 0$$

$$\text{DE } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)]P$$

$$\text{DW } [x' = f(x) \& Q]P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

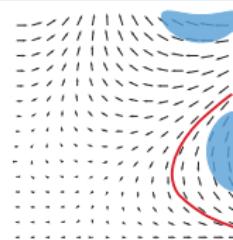
Proof (dl is a derived rule).

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{G,} \rightarrow \text{R} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{DW} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)](e)' = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{DE} \\ \hline \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{DI} \\ \hline e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0 \end{array}$$
□



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0}{e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0}$$

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Proof (dl is a derived rule).

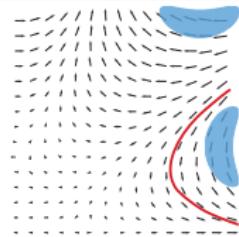
$$\begin{array}{c}
 Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{G,} \rightarrow \text{R} \quad \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](e)' = 0) \\
 \hline
 \text{DW} \quad \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)](e)' = 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{DE} \quad \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q](e)' = 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{DI} \quad e = 0 \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]e = 0
 \end{array}
 \qquad
 \begin{array}{c}
 P \\
 \hline
 \text{G } \frac{}{[\alpha]P} \quad \square
 \end{array}$$

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

$$\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \text{ for } r > 0 \Rightarrow \forall 0 \leq z \leq r \quad \varphi(z) [[(e)']] = \frac{d\varphi(t)[[e]]}{dt}(z)$$

Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \overline{e = k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e = k}$$

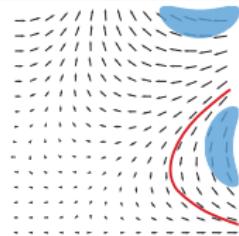


Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

$$\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \text{ for } r > 0 \Rightarrow \forall 0 \leq z \leq r \quad \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = (k)'}{e = k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e = k}$$



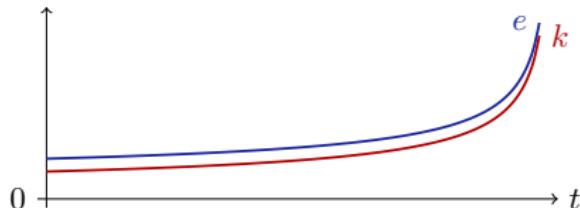
$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)] e = k \leftrightarrow e = k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' = (k)'$$

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' = (k)'}{e = k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e = k}$$



$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)] e = k \leftrightarrow e = k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' = (k)'$$

Proof (= rate of change from = initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

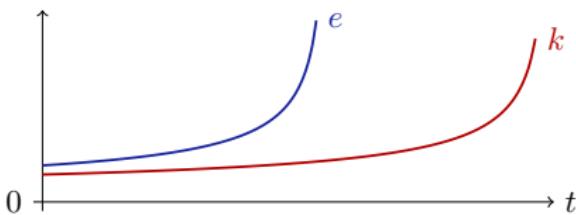
□

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' \geq (k)'}{e \geq k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e \geq k}$$



$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)] e \geq k \leftrightarrow e \geq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' \geq (k)'$$

Proof (\geq rate of change from \geq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \geq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

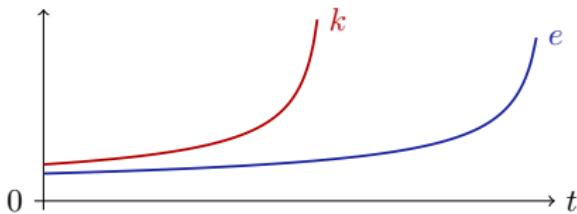
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Differential Invariant

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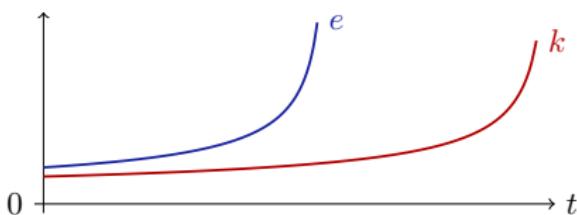
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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' > (k)'}{e > k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e > k}$$



$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)] e > k \leftrightarrow e > k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' > (k)'$$

Proof ($>$ rate of change from $>$ initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket > \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

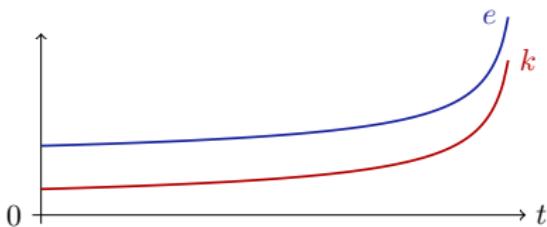
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Differential Invariant

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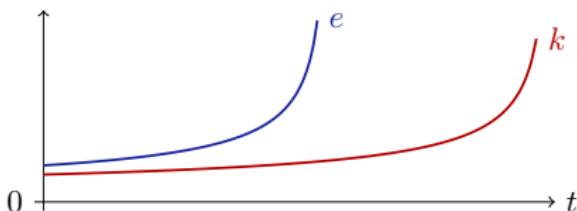
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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' \neq (k)' \quad e \neq k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e \neq k}{}$$



$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)] e \neq k \leftrightarrow e \neq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' \neq (k)'$$

Proof (\neq rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \neq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

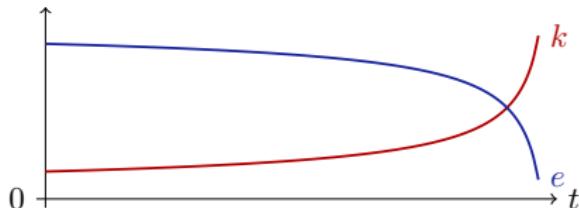
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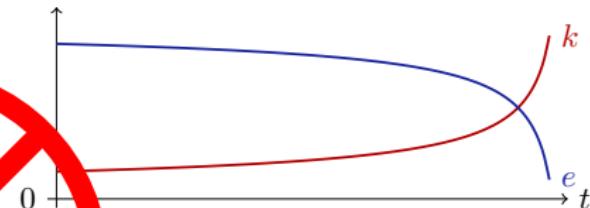
□

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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)](e)' \neq (k)'}{e \neq k \vdash [x' = f(x)]e \neq k}$$



$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)]e \neq k \leftrightarrow \neq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)]e \neq k'$$

Proof (\neq rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket \neq \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket - \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

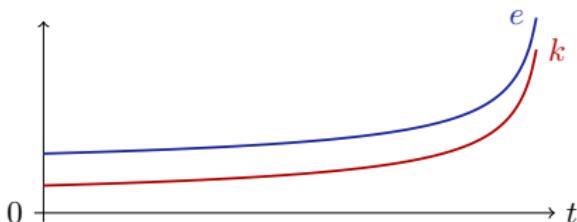
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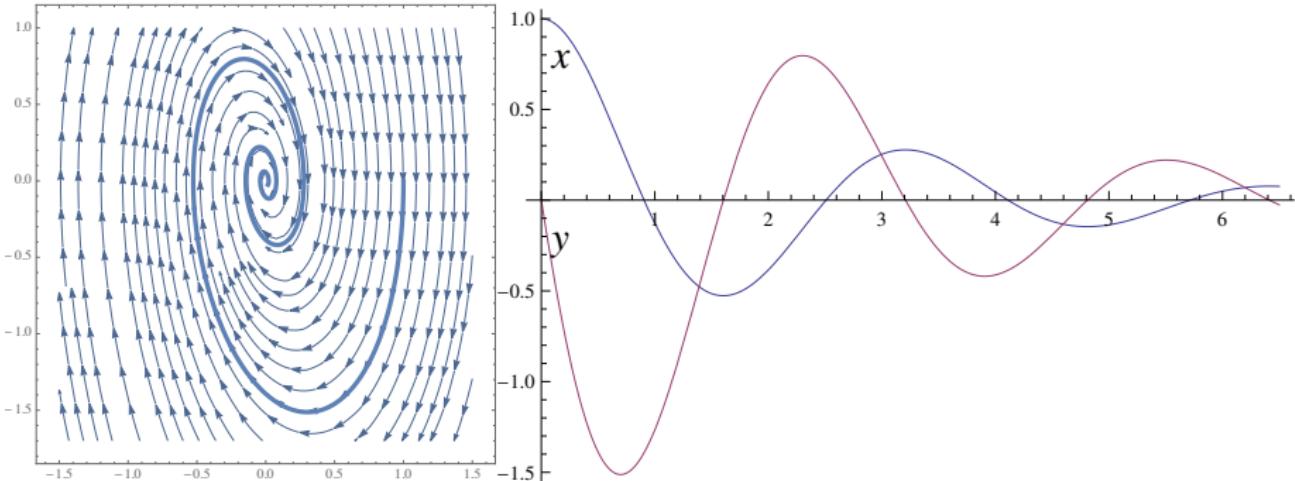
$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)] e \neq k \leftrightarrow e \neq k) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)] (e)' = (k)'$$

Proof (= rate of change from \neq initial value. Mean-value theorem).

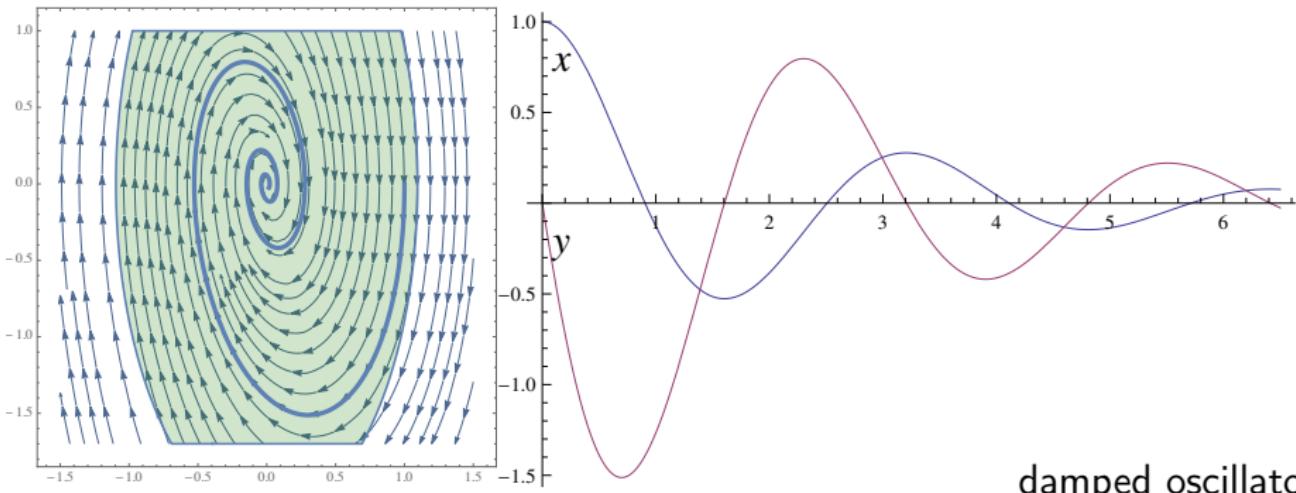
$$\frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket e \rrbracket}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket (e)' \rrbracket = \varphi(z) \llbracket (k)' \rrbracket = \frac{d\varphi(t) \llbracket k \rrbracket}{dt}(z)$$

□

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$

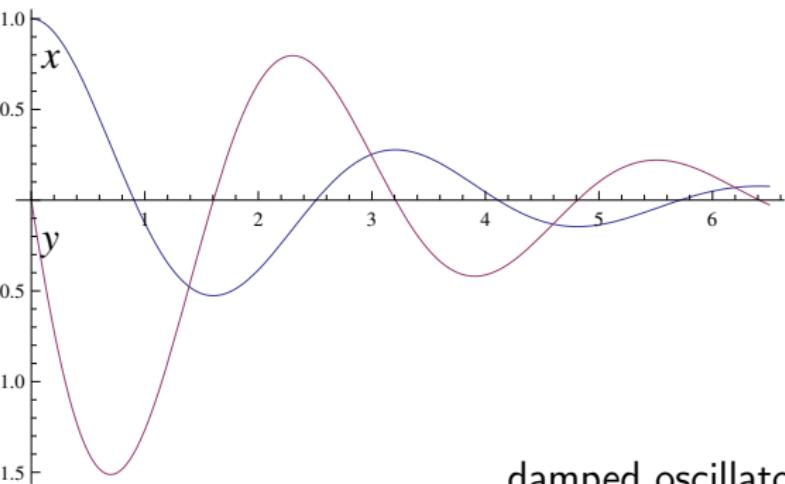
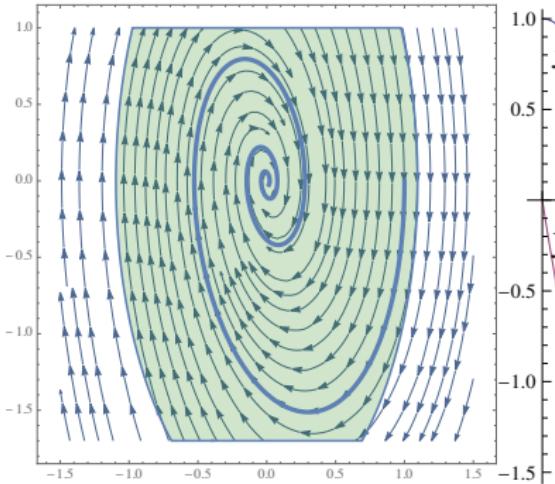


$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 x x' + 2y y' \leq 0$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$

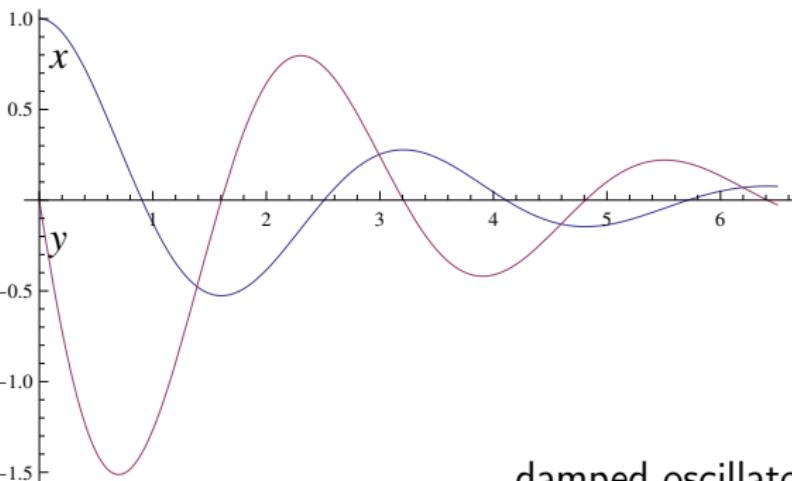
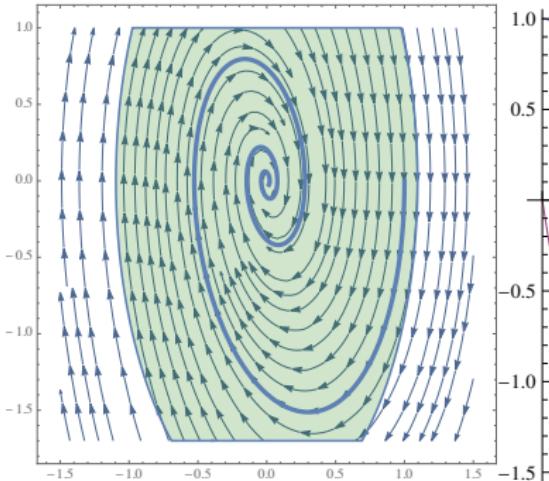


damped oscillator

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0$$

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



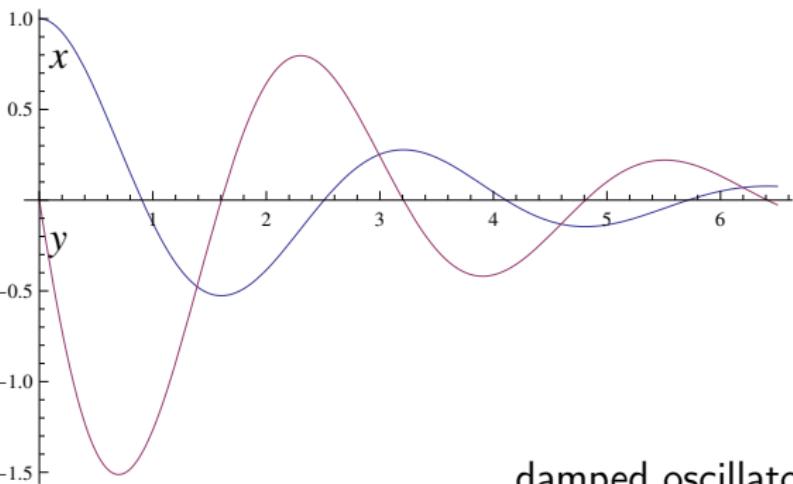
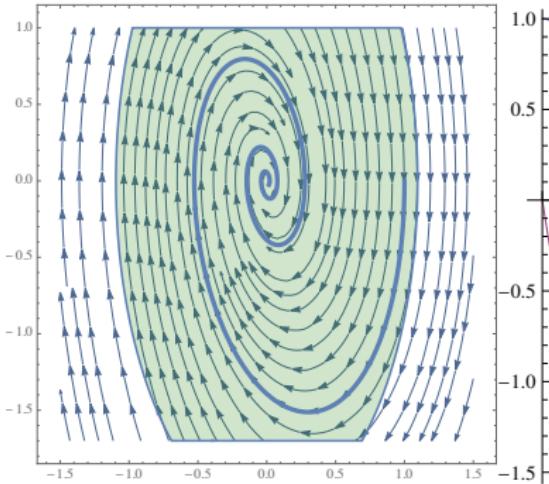
damped oscillator

*

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$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0$$

$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



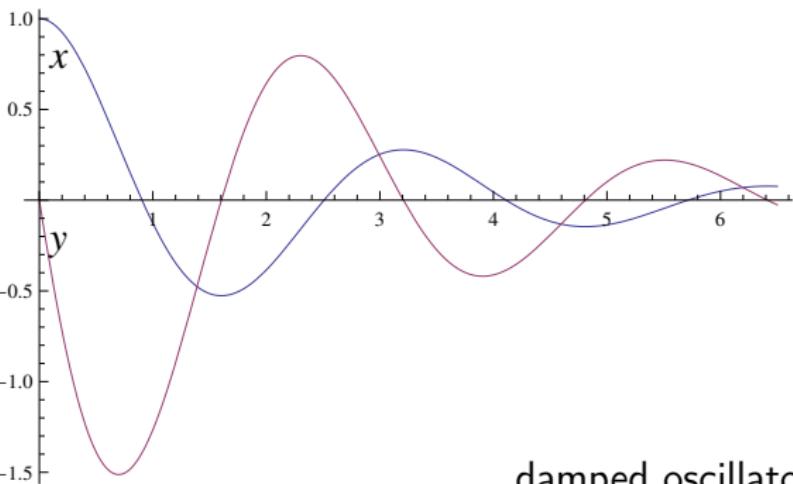
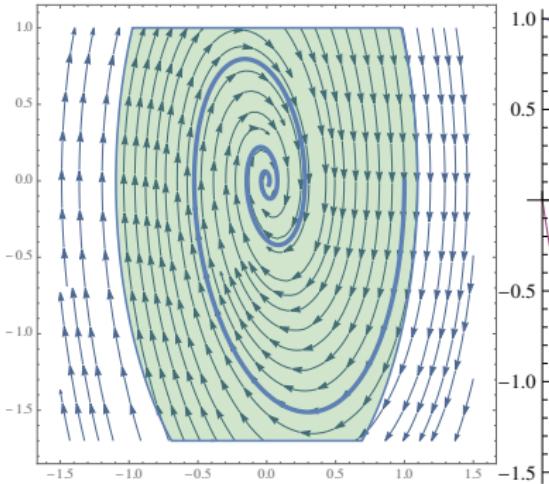
damped oscillator

*

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0$$

$$\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0$$

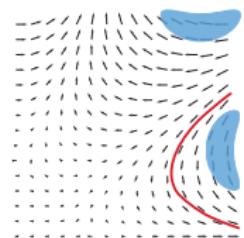
$$\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y \ \& \ \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



damped oscillator

Differential Invariant

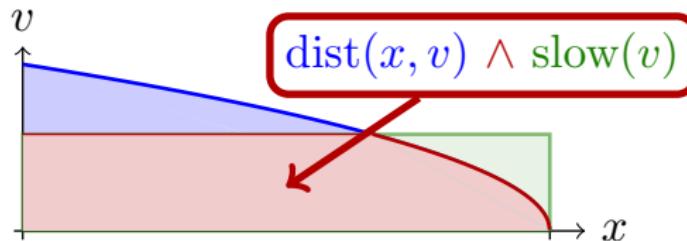
$$\text{dl } \frac{}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)])((A)' \wedge (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

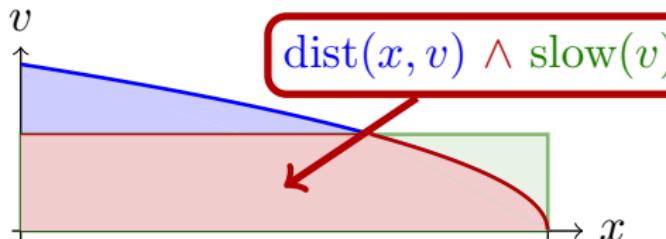
$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)])((A)' \wedge (B)')$$

Proof (separately).

$$\text{[]}\wedge,\text{WL} \frac{\text{DI} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A} \quad \text{DI} \frac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B}}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

□

$$[\] \wedge [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q$$

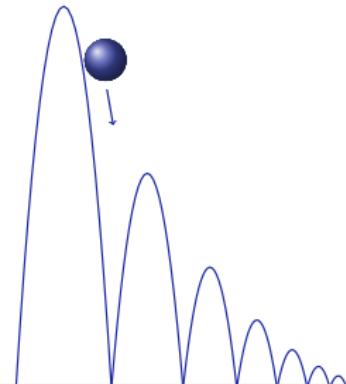


$$2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx=2gH-v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)$$

No solutions but still a proof.

Simple proof with simple arithmetic.

Independent proofs for independent questions.



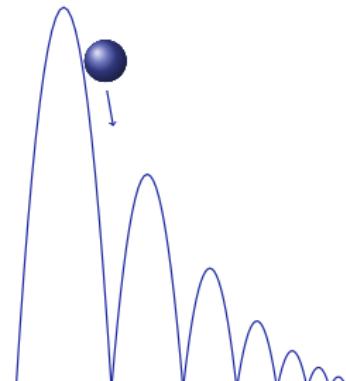
$$\| \wedge \quad [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q$$

$$\frac{\| \wedge \quad \frac{2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x''=-g \ \& \ x \geq 0] \quad 2gx=2gH-v^2}{2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0]} \quad \vdash [x''=-g \ \& \ x \geq 0] \quad x \geq 0}{2gx=2gH-v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx=2gH-v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}$$

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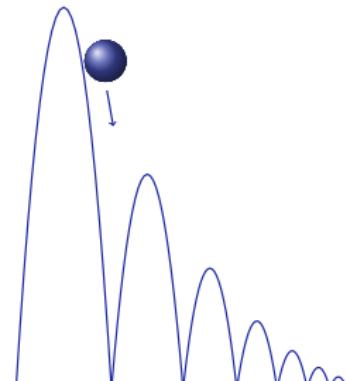


$$\frac{\text{dl} \quad \begin{array}{c} x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv' \\ 2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2 \end{array}}{[] \wedge \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] x \geq 0}$$
$$2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0] (2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)$$

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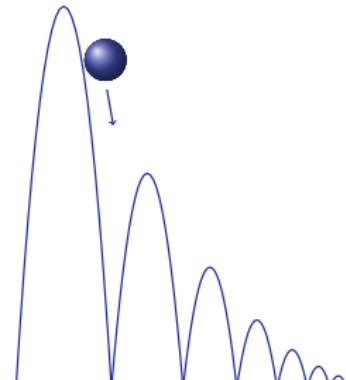


$$\frac{\text{dl} \quad \boxed{[] \wedge \frac{[:=] \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2g v = -2v(-g)}{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g] 2gx' = -2vv'} 2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0] 2gx = 2gH - v^2}}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0](2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}}$$

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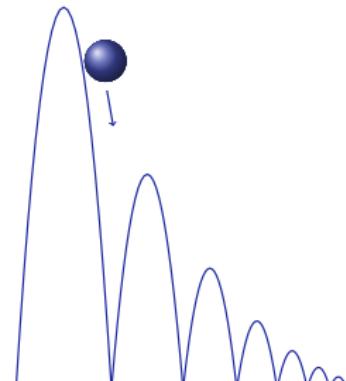


$$\begin{array}{c}
 * \\
 \dfrac{\mathbb{R} \dfrac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)}{[:=] \dfrac{x \geq 0 \vdash [x':=v][v':=-g]2gx' = -2vv'}{[\wedge] \dfrac{\text{dl} \dfrac{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0]2gx = 2gH - v^2}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0](2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}}}}}
 \end{array}$$

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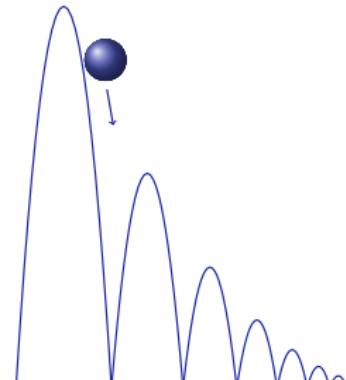


$$\begin{array}{c}
 * \\
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 \text{dW} \dfrac{}{\vdash [x'' = -g \ \& \ x \geq 0]x \geq 0}
 \end{array}$$

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Independent proofs for independent questions.

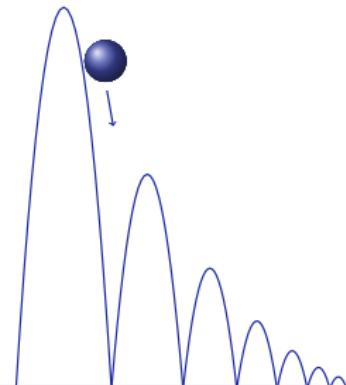


$$\frac{\text{dl} \frac{\text{[]}\wedge \frac{\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \xrightarrow{*} \\ [:=] \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash 2gv = -2v(-g)}{x \geq 0 \vdash [x' := v][v' := -g]2gx' = -2vv'} \end{array}}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0]2gx = 2gH - v^2}}{2gx = 2gH - v^2 \vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0](2gx = 2gH - v^2 \wedge x \geq 0)}
 \quad \frac{\text{id} \xrightarrow{*} \frac{x \geq 0 \vdash x \geq 0}{\vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0]x \geq 0}}{\vdash [x'' = -g \& x \geq 0]x \geq 0}$$

No solutions but still a proof.

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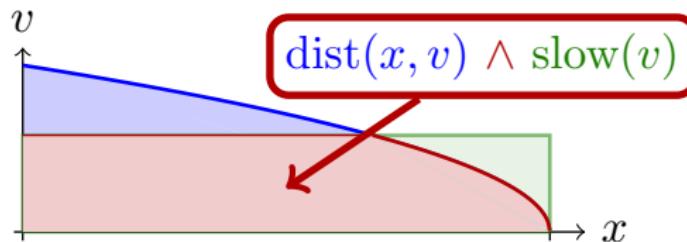
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Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \wedge B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \wedge B)}$$

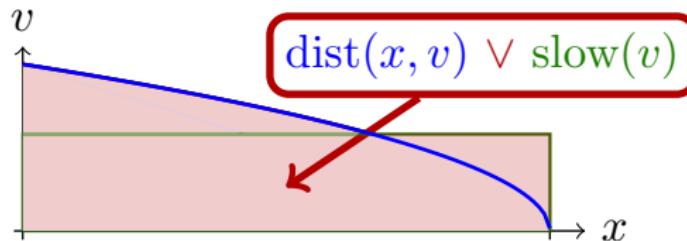
$$\text{DI} \quad ([x' = f(x)](A \wedge B) \leftrightarrow (A \wedge B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)])((A)' \wedge (B)')$$



Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl} \quad \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \vee (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

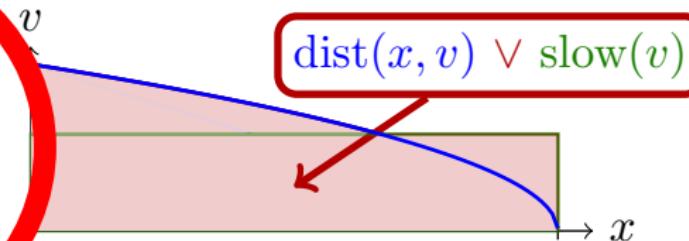
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Differential Invariant

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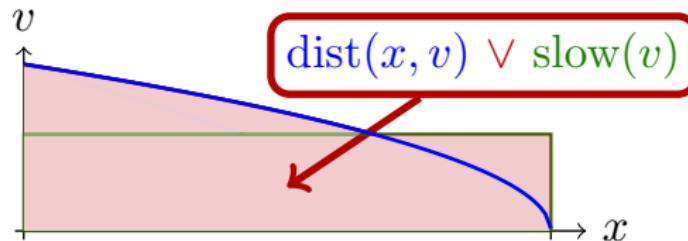
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Differential Invariant

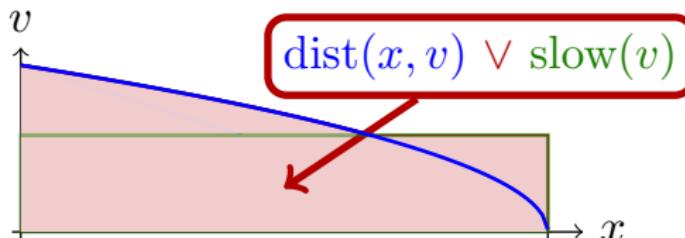
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Differential Invariant

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$$\text{DI } ([x' = f(x)](A \vee B) \leftrightarrow (A \vee B)) \leftarrow [x' = f(x)])((A)' \wedge (B)')$$

Proof (separately).

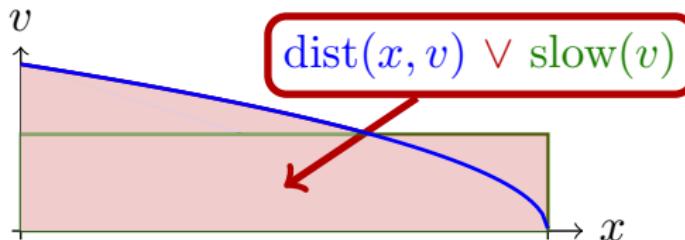
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} * \\ \dfrac{\dfrac{\begin{array}{c} A \vdash A \vee B \\ \text{DI} \dfrac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A} \end{array}}{\text{MR} \dfrac{}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}} \\ \text{VL} \end{array}}{\dfrac{\begin{array}{c} * \\ \dfrac{\dfrac{\begin{array}{c} B \vdash A \vee B \\ \text{DI} \dfrac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B} \end{array}}{\text{MR} \dfrac{}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}} \end{array}}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}}$$

□

Differential Invariant

$$\text{dl } \frac{\vdash [x' := f(x)]((A)' \wedge (B)')}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}$$

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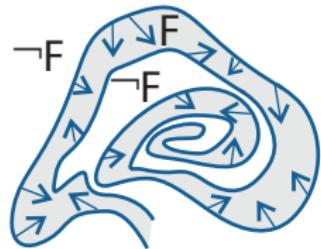
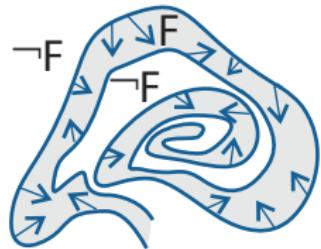


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$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} * \\ \dfrac{\dfrac{\begin{array}{c} A \vdash A \vee B \\ \text{DI } \dfrac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](A)'}{A \vdash [x' = f(x)]A} \end{array}}{\text{MR } A \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)} \\ \text{VL } \end{array}}{\dfrac{\begin{array}{c} * \\ \dfrac{\begin{array}{c} B \vdash A \vee B \\ \text{DI } \dfrac{\vdash [x' = f(x)](B)'}{B \vdash [x' = f(x)]B} \end{array}}{\text{MR } B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)} \end{array}}{A \vee B \vdash [x' = f(x)](A \vee B)}}$$

$$[] \wedge [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q$$

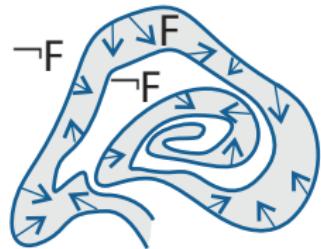
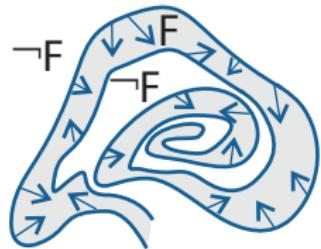




$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

$$\frac{\textcolor{red}{F} \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

loop
$$\frac{\textcolor{red}{F} \vdash [\alpha]F}{F \vdash [\alpha^*]F}$$

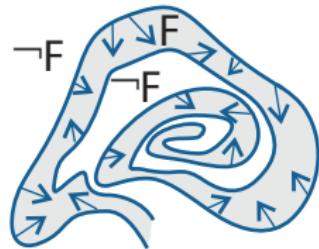
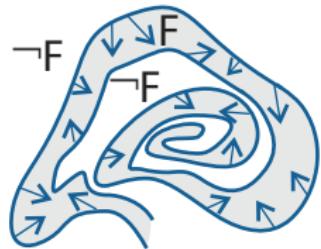


$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

$$\frac{\textcolor{red}{F} \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Example (Restrictions)

$$v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0$$

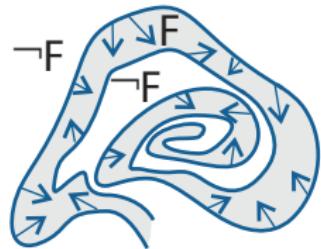
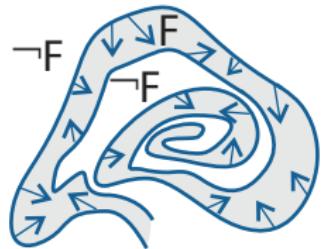


$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

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Example (Restrictions)

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v] 2vv' - 2v' = 0 \\ \hline v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \end{array}}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

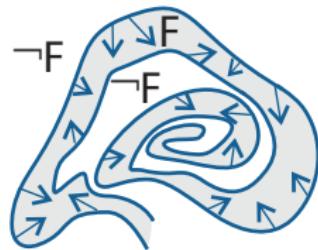
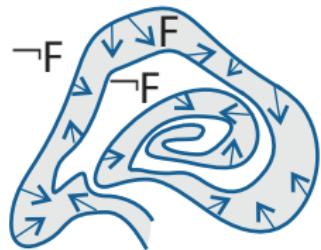
$$\frac{\textcolor{red}{F} \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Example (Restrictions)

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0}$$

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v] 2vw' - 2v' = 0}$$

$$\frac{}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



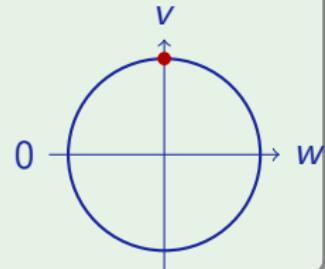
$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

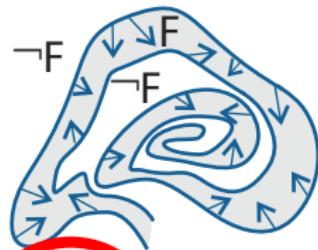
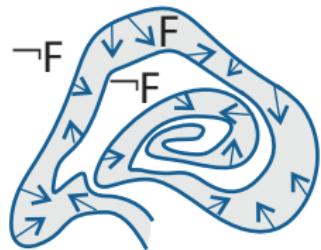
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$$\frac{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v] 2vw' - 2v' = 0}$$

$$\frac{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$





$$\frac{Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

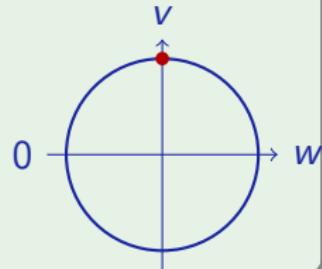
$$\frac{\cancel{F} \wedge Q \rightarrow [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Example (Restrictions are unsound!)

(unsound)

$$\frac{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash 2vw - 2w = 0}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' := w][w' := -v] 2vw' - 2v' = 0}$$

$$\frac{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}{v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0 \vdash [v' = w, w' = -v] v^2 - 2v + 1 = 0}$$



1 Learning Objectives

2 Differential Invariants

- Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
- Soundness: Derivations Lemma
- Differential Weakening
- Equational Differential Invariants
- Differential Invariant Inequalities
- Disequational Differential Invariants
- Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
- Conjunctive Differential Invariants
- Disjunctive Differential Invariants
- Assuming Invariants

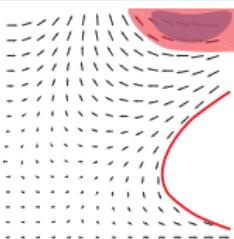
3 Differential Cuts

4 Soundness

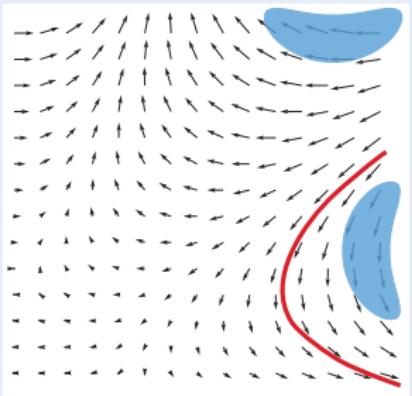
5 Summary

Differential Cut

$$F \vdash [x' = f(x)]F$$

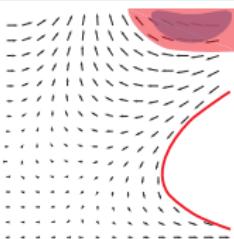


Differential Cut

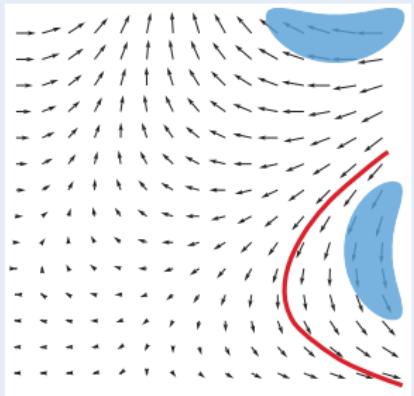


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]C}{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]F}$$

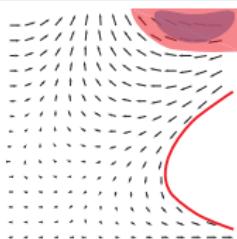


Differential Cut

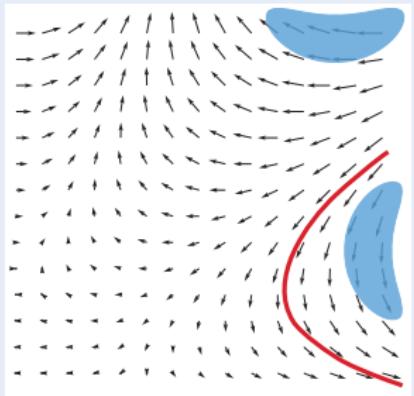


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x)]F}$$

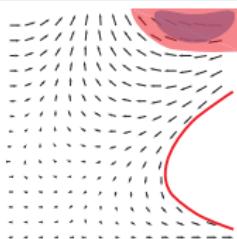


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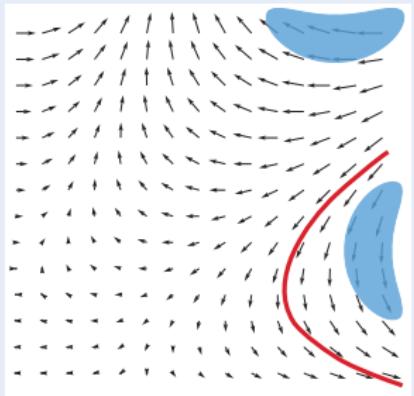


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

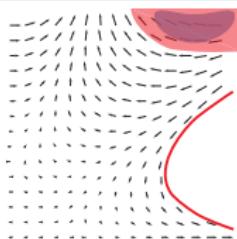


Differential Cut

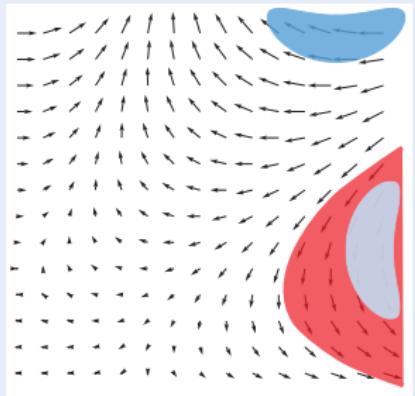


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

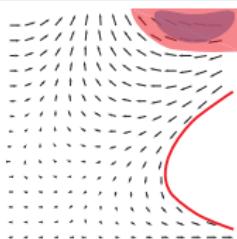


Differential Cut

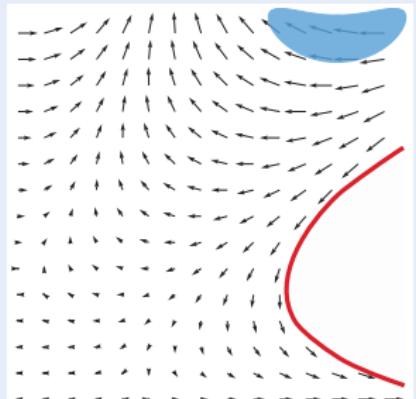


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

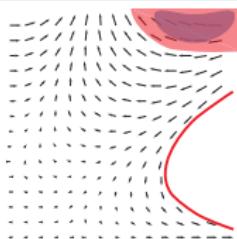


Differential Cut

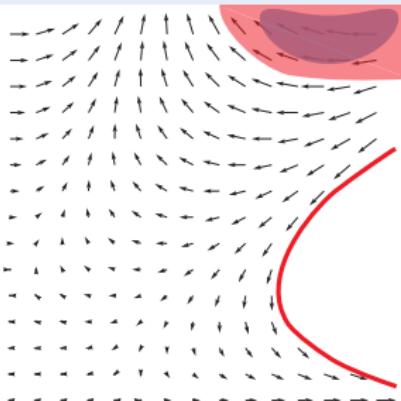


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

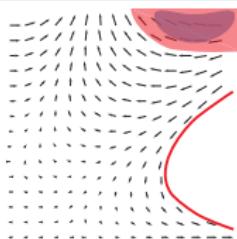


Differential Cut

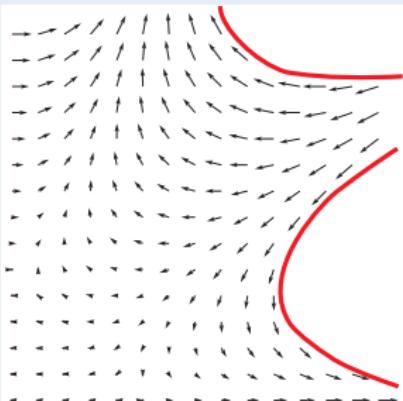


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

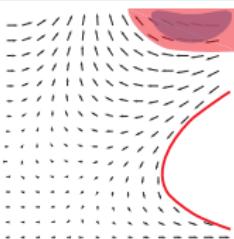


Differential Cut

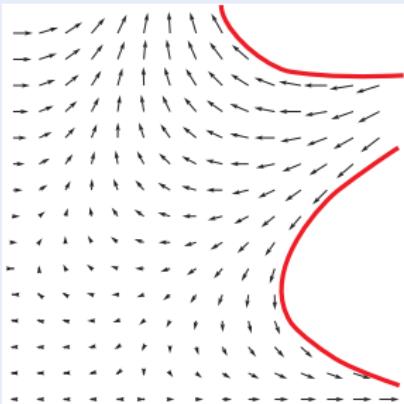


Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



Differential Cut

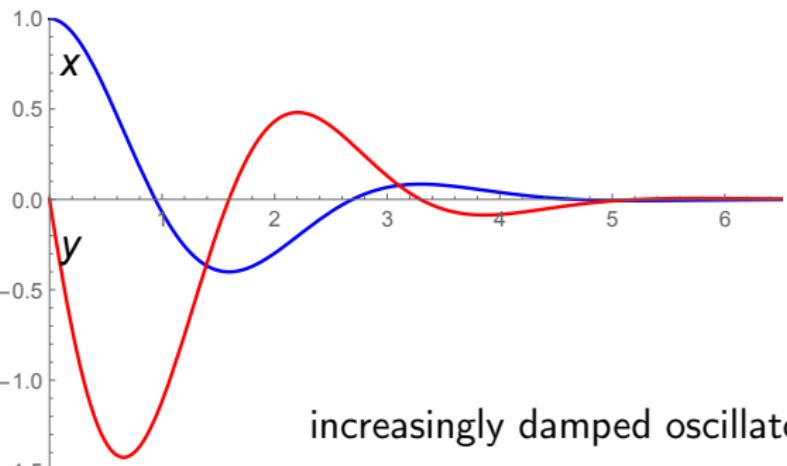
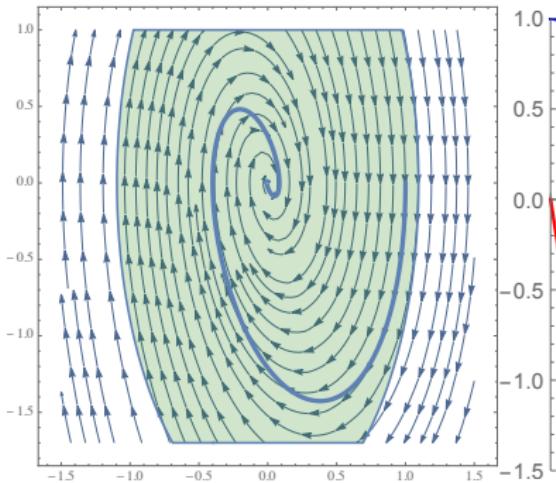


Proof (Soundness).

Let $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q$ starting in $\omega \in \llbracket F \rrbracket$.
 $\omega \in \llbracket [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \rrbracket$ by left premise.
Thus, $\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \wedge C$.
Thus, $\varphi(r) \in \llbracket F \rrbracket$ by second premise. □

$$\frac{dC}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \text{ & } \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$

$$\frac{dC}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \text{ & } \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2$$



increasingly damped oscillator

$$\frac{\text{dI}}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$
$$\frac{\text{dC}}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\frac{\text{dI} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}}{\text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}}$$

$$\frac{\text{dI} \quad \overline{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}}{\text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\frac{\text{dI} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\frac{[:=] \overline{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] \quad d' \geq 0}}{\text{dI} \quad \overline{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \quad d \geq 0}}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\frac{\text{dI} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\text{dC} \quad \overline{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \quad \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \quad \overline{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0} \\ [=] \overline{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] \quad d' \geq 0} \end{array}}{\text{dI} \quad \overline{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \quad d \geq 0}}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\
 \\
 * \\
 \text{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0} \\
 [=] \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] \ d' \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \ d \geq 0} \text{ ask}
 \end{array}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 x x' + 2y y' \leq 0}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \\ \text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2} \end{array}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] \omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}$$

$$[::=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

DC

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}$$

$$[::=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{d \geq 0}$$

increasingly damped oscillator

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x' := y][y' := -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

init

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d' := 7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d' = 7 \& \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash 2\omega^2 xy + 2y(-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y) \leq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0 \vdash [x':=y][y':=-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y] 2\omega^2 xx' + 2yy' \leq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x'=y, y'=-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d'=7 \& \omega \geq 0 \wedge d \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2 \vdash [x'=y, y'=-\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d'=7 \& \omega \geq 0]}{\omega^2 x^2 + y^2 \leq c^2}$$

init

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash 7 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\omega \geq 0 \vdash [d':=7] d' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{d \geq 0 \vdash [x' = y, y' = -\omega^2 x - 2d\omega y, d'=7 \& \omega \geq 0] d \geq 0}$$

Could repeatedly diffcut in formulas to help the proof

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0}$$
$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4 y^2 \geq 0} \\ [=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4 y' \geq 0} \\ \text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0} \end{array}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] \textcolor{red}{y^5 \geq 0}}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0] x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2] 5y^4y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{y^5 \geq 0}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2] y^5 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]3x^2x' \geq 0}{\text{dl} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0]x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]x^3 \geq -1}{}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x - 2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]5y^4y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dl} \frac{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x - 2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]y^5 \geq 0}{}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \hline
 \mathbb{R} \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash 3x^2((x-2)^4 + y^5) \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]3x^2x' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dI} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0]x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright \\
 \hline
 \text{dC} \quad x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]x^3 \geq -1
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \hline
 \mathbb{R} \quad \vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 [:=] \quad \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]5y^4y' \geq 0 \\
 \hline
 \text{dI} \quad y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]y^5 \geq 0
 \end{array}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash 3x^2((x-2)^4 + y^5) \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]3x^2x' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2 \& y^5 \geq 0]x^3 \geq -1 \triangleright}$$

$$\text{dC} \frac{}{x^3 \geq -1 \wedge y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]x^3 \geq -1}$$

*

$$\mathbb{R} \frac{}{\vdash 5y^4y^2 \geq 0}$$

$$[:=] \frac{}{\vdash [x' := (x-2)^4 + y^5][y' := y^2]5y^4y' \geq 0}$$

$$\text{dI} \frac{}{y^5 \geq 0 \vdash [x' = (x-2)^4 + y^5, y' = y^2]y^5 \geq 0}$$

1 Learning Objectives

2 Differential Invariants

- Recap: Ingredients for Differential Equation Proofs
- Soundness: Derivations Lemma
- Differential Weakening
- Equational Differential Invariants
- Differential Invariant Inequalities
- Disequational Differential Invariants
- Example Proof: Damped Oscillator
- Conjunctive Differential Invariants
- Disjunctive Differential Invariants
- Assuming Invariants

3 Differential Cuts

4 Soundness

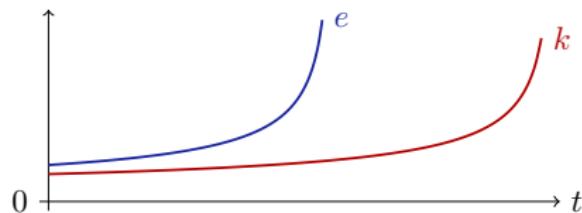
5 Summary

Lemma (Differential lemma) (Differential value vs. Time-derivative)

$$\varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \text{ for } r > 0 \Rightarrow \forall 0 \leq z \leq r \quad \varphi(z)[(e)'] = \frac{d\varphi(t)[e]}{dt}(z)$$

Differential Invariant

$$\begin{aligned} \text{DI} \quad & ([x' = f(x)]e \geq 0 \leftrightarrow e \geq 0) \\ & \leftarrow [x' = f(x)](\textcolor{red}{e})' \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$



Proof (\geq rate of change from \geq initial value. Case $r = 0$ is easier.)

$h(t) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \varphi(t)[e]$ is differentiable on $[0, r]$ if $r > 0$ by diff. lemma.

$$\frac{dh(t)}{dt}(z) = \frac{d\varphi(t)[e]}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z)[(e)'] \geq 0 \text{ by lemma + assume for all } z.$$

$$h(r) - h(0) = \underbrace{(r - 0)}_{\geq 0} \underbrace{\frac{dh(t)}{dt}(\xi)}_{>0 \atop \geq 0} \geq 0 \text{ by mean-value theorem for some } \xi. \quad \square$$

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Differential Weakening

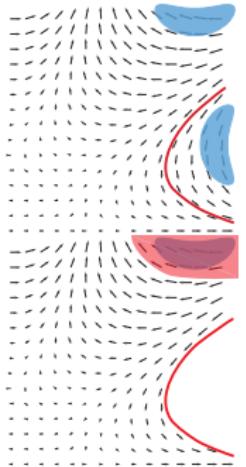
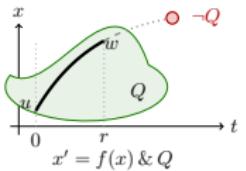
$$\frac{Q \vdash F}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Differential Invariant

$$\frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$



Differential Weakening

$$\frac{Q \vdash F}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

Differential Invariant

$$\frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

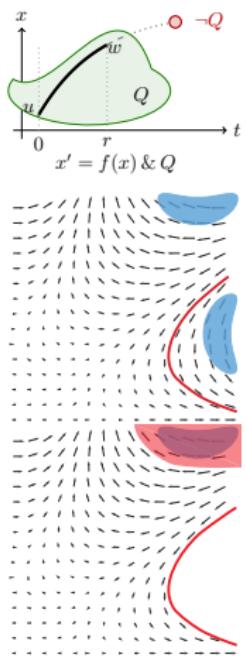
Differential Cut

$$\frac{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]C \quad F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]F}$$

DW $[x' = f(x) \& Q]F \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow F)$

DI $([x' = f(x) \& Q]F \leftrightarrow [?Q]F) \leftarrow (Q \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](F)')$

DC $([x' = f(x) \& Q]F \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C]F) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q]C$





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