

15-424/15-624: Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems

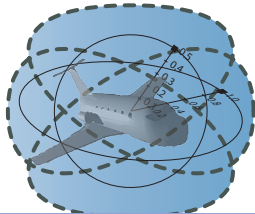
01: Overview

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<http://symbolaris.com/course/fcps16.html>

<http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~aplatzer/course/fcps16.html>





- 1 CPS: Introduction
 - Hybrid Systems & Cyber-Physical Systems
 - Applications
 - Robot Labs
- 2 15-424: Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems
 - Educational Approach
 - Objectives
 - Outline
 - Assessment
 - Labs
 - Resources
- 3 Approach
 - CPS Contracts
 - CPS Logic
 - Differential Dynamic Logic Family
- 4 Summary



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Which control decisions are safe for aircraft collision avoidance?

CPs Promise Transformative Impact!

Prospects: Safe & Efficient

Driver assistance
Autonomous cars

Pilot decision support
Autopilots / UAVs

Train protection
Robots help people



Prerequisite: CPS need to be safe

How do we make sure CPS make the world a better place?

Can you trust a computer to control physics?

Can you trust a computer to control physics?

Rationale

- 1 Safety guarantees require analytic foundations.
- 2 Foundations revolutionized digital computer science & our society.
- 3 Need even stronger foundations when software reaches out into our physical world.

How can we provide people with cyber-physical systems they can bet their lives on?
— Jeannette Wing

Cyber-physical Systems

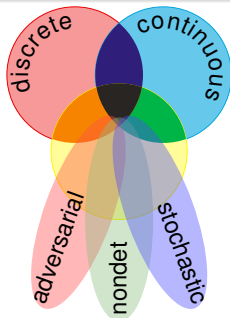
CPS combine cyber capabilities with physical capabilities to solve problems that neither part could solve alone.



CPSs are Multi-Dynamical Systems

CPS Dynamics

CPS are characterized by multiple facets of dynamical systems.



CPS Compositions

CPS combine multiple simple dynamical effects.

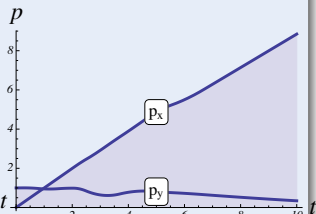
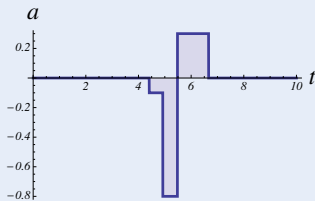
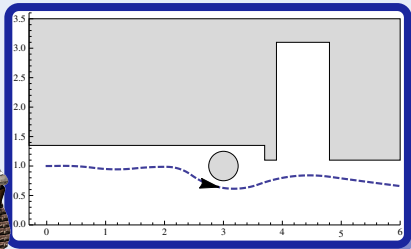
Tame Parts

Exploiting compositionality tames CPS complexity.

Challenge (CPS)

Fixed rule describing state evolution with both

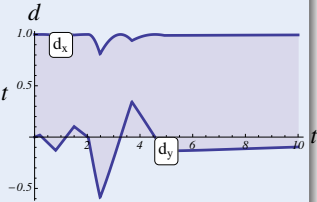
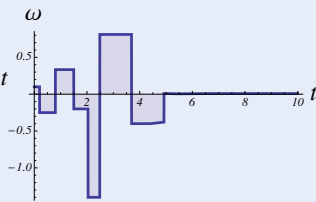
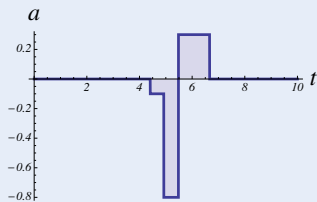
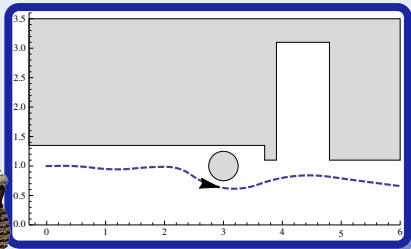
- Discrete dynamics (control decisions)
- Continuous dynamics (differential equations)



Challenge (CPS)

Fixed rule describing state evolution with both

- Discrete dynamics (control decisions)
- Continuous dynamics (differential equations)





Mathematical model for complex physical systems:

Definition (Hybrid Systems)

systems with interacting discrete and continuous dynamics

Technical characteristics:

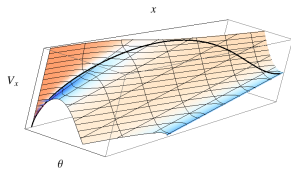
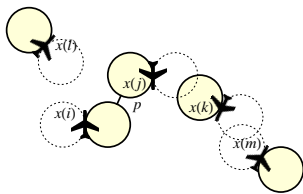
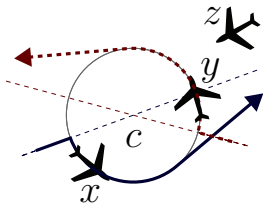
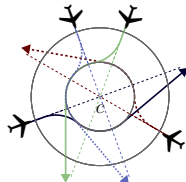
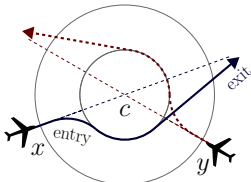
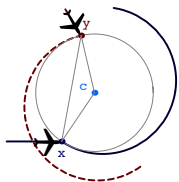
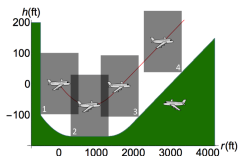
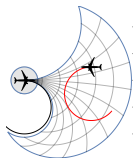
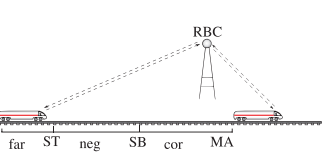
Definition (Cyber-Physical Systems)

(Distributed network of) computerized control for physical system
Computation, communication and control for physics

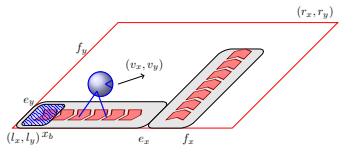
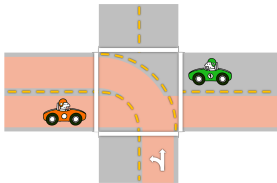
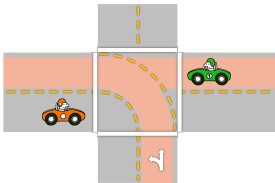
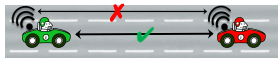
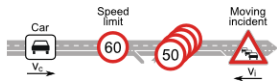
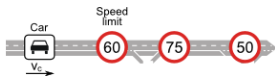
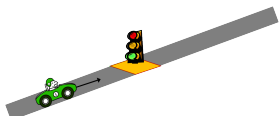
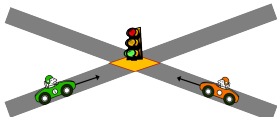
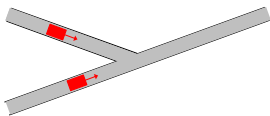
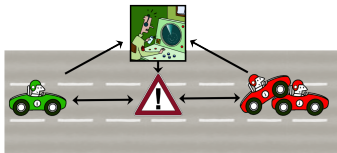
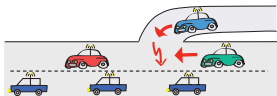
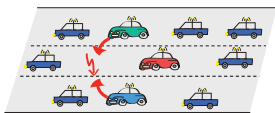
What CPS are around us?

What CPS will be around us in the future?

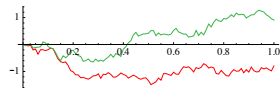
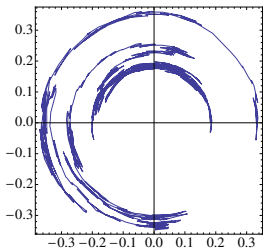
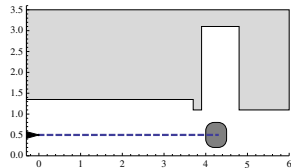
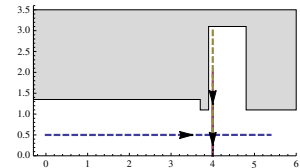
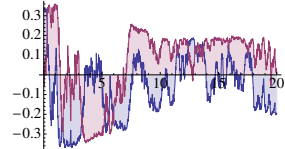
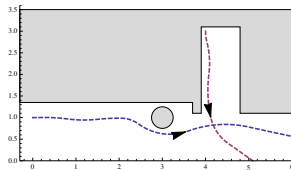
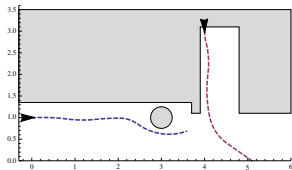
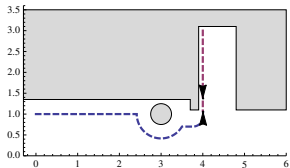
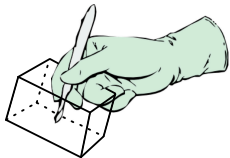
Which CPS do we trust with our lives?

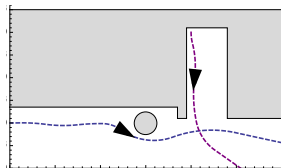
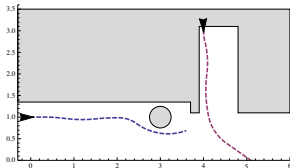
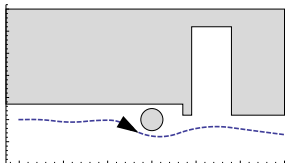
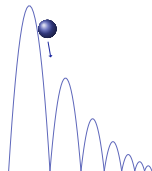
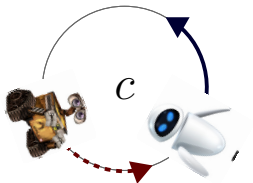
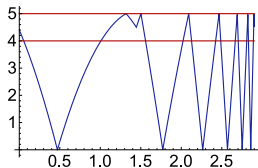
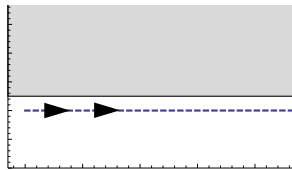
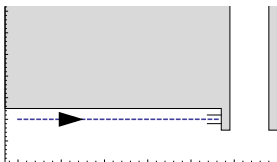
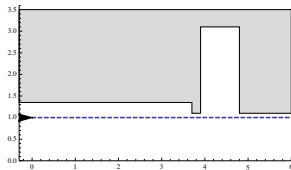


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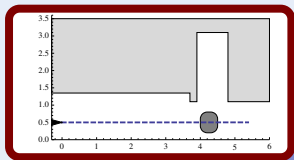
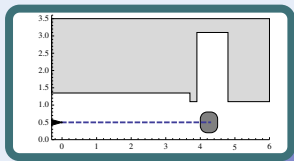
FM'11, LMCS'12, ICCPS'12, ITSC'11, ITSC'13, IJCAR'12



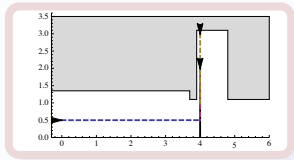
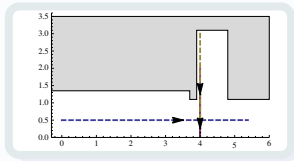


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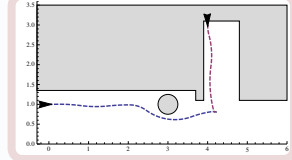
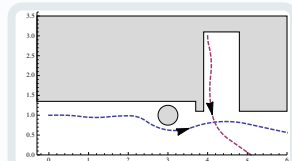
1: Charging Station



2: Follow the Leader

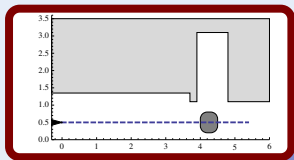
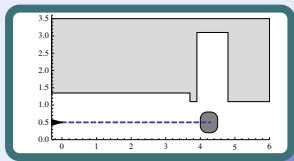


4: Obstacles

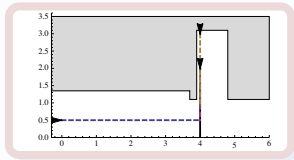
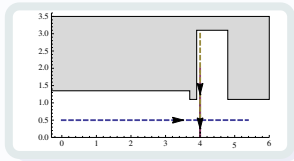


- ✓ Design, model
- ✓ Verify with KeYmaera X

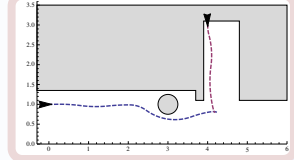
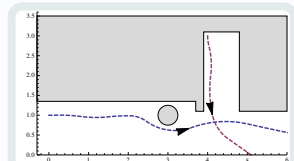
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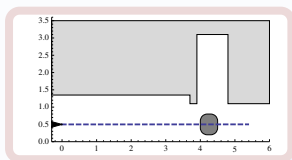
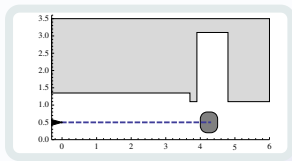


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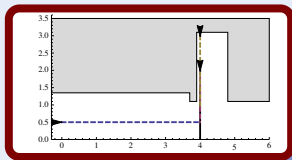
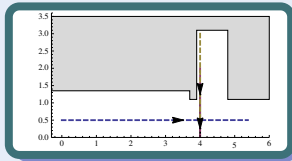


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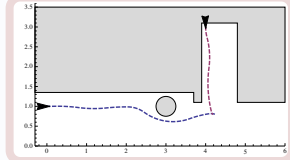
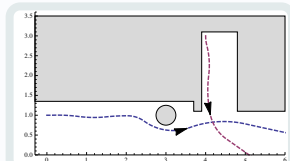
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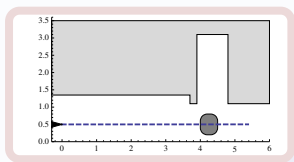
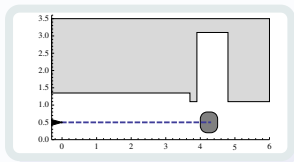


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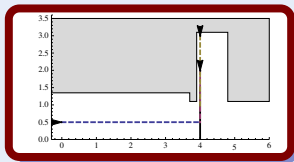
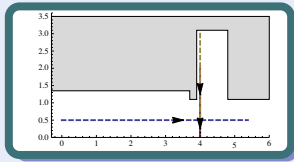


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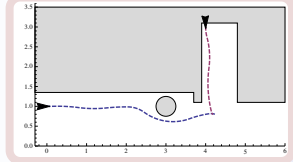
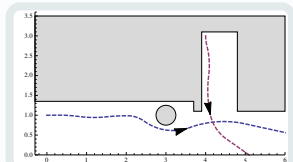
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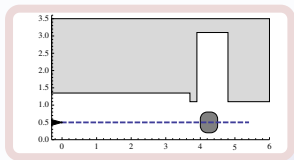
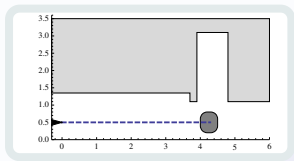


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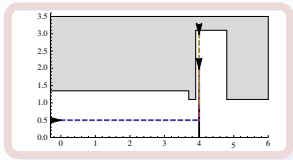
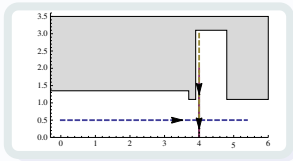


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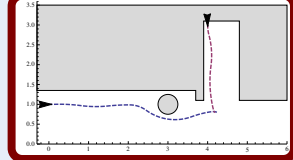
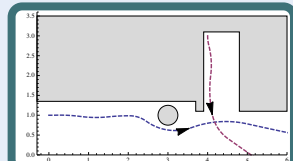
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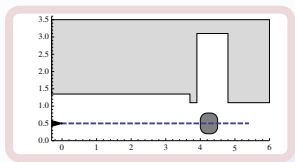
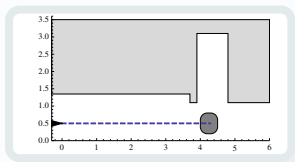


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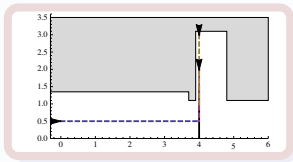
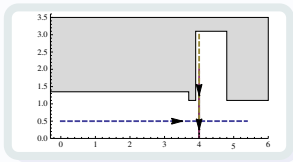


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- ✓ Verify with KeYmaera X

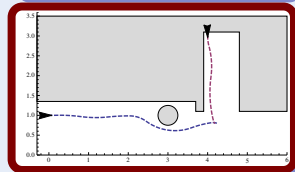
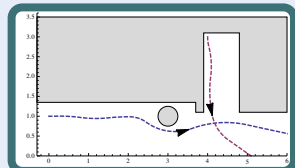
1: Charging Station



2: Follow the Leader

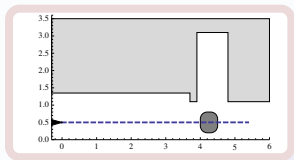
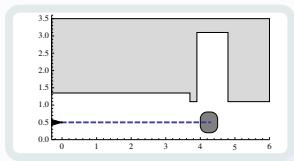


4: Obstacles

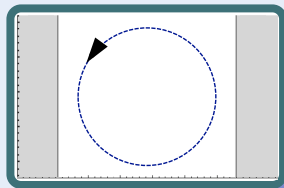


- ✓ Design, model
- ✓ Verify with KeYmaera X

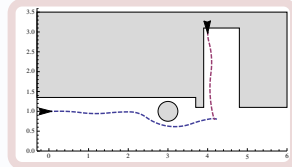
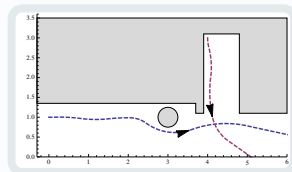
1: Charging Station



3: Racetrack



4: Obstacles

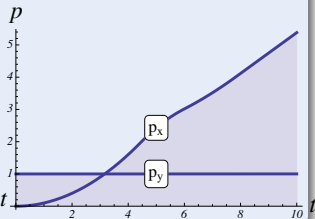
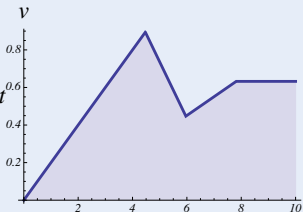
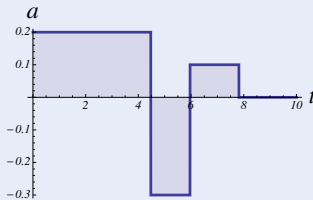
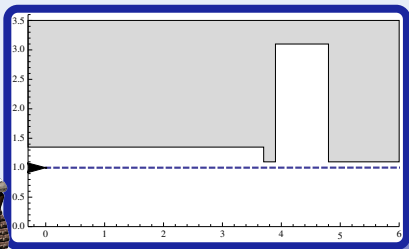


- ✓ Design, model
- ✓ Verify with KeYmaera X

Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

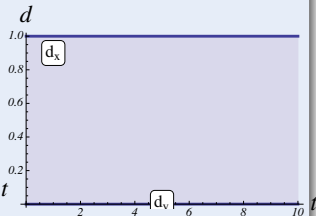
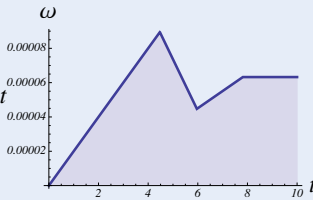
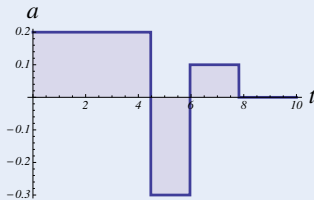
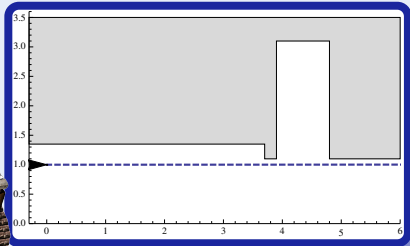
- Accelerate / brake (discrete dynamics)
- 1D motion (continuous dynamics)



Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

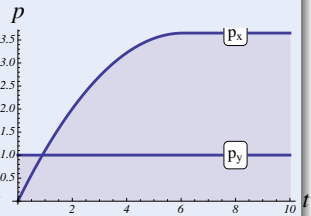
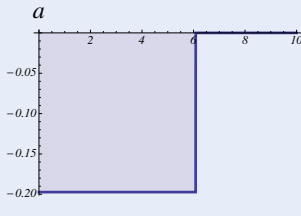
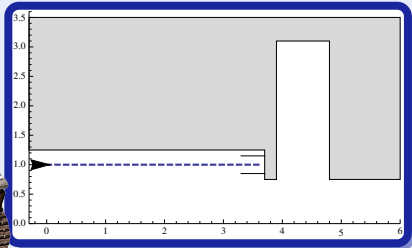
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Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

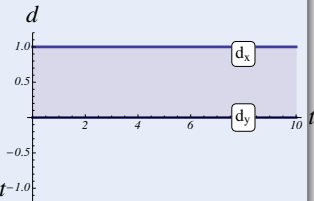
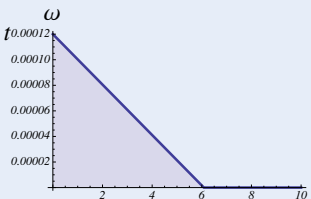
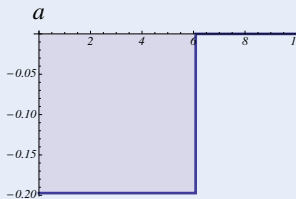
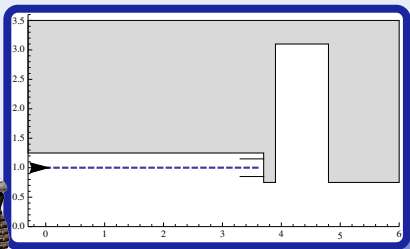
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Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

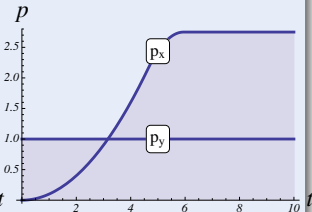
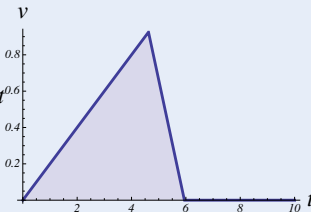
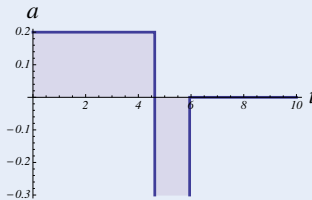
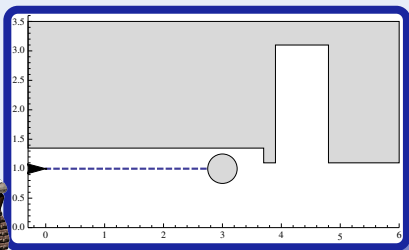
- Accelerate / brake / stop (discrete dynamics)
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Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

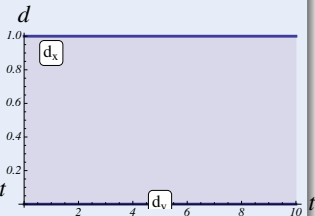
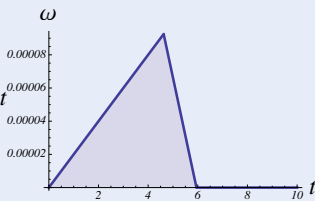
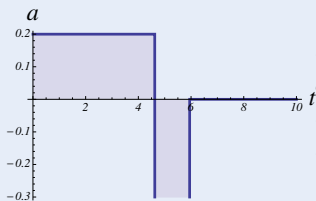
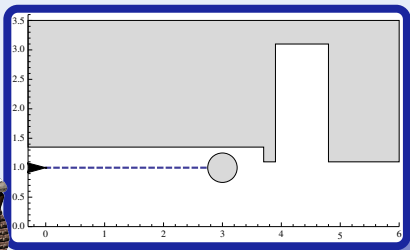
- Accelerate / brake (discrete dynamics)
- 1D motion (continuous dynamics)



Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

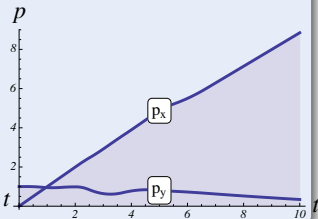
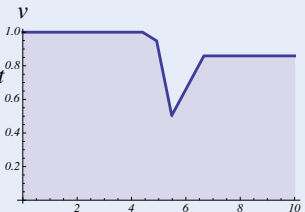
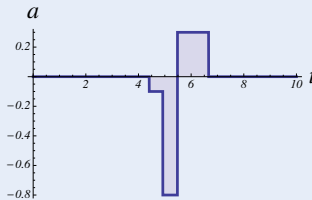
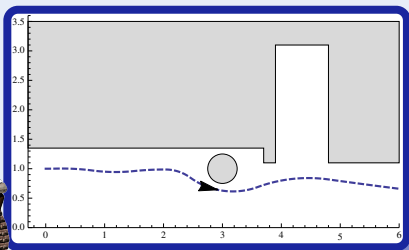
- Accelerate / brake (discrete dynamics)
- 1D motion (continuous dynamics)



Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

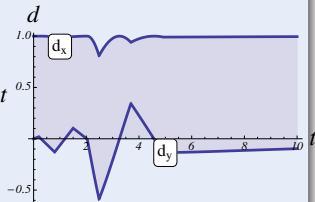
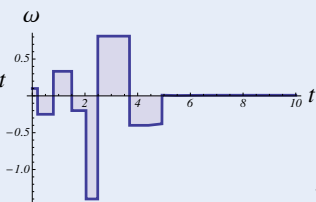
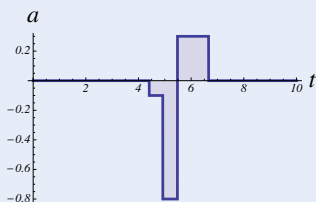
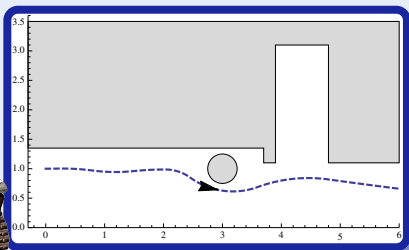
- Accel / brake / steer (discrete dynamics)
- 2D motion (continuous dynamics)



Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

- Accel / brake / steer (discrete dynamics)
- 2D motion (continuous dynamics)

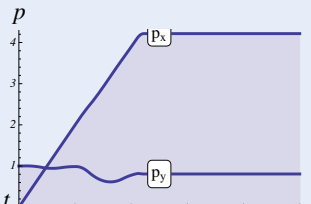
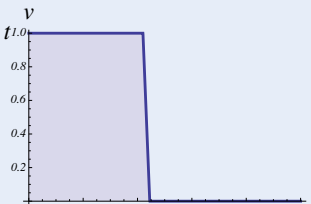
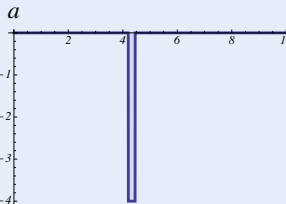
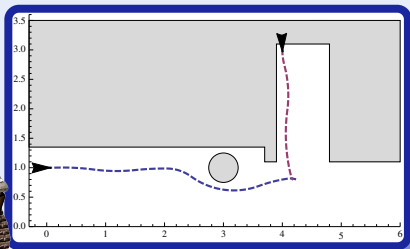


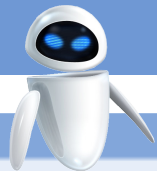


Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

- Dynamic obstacles (other agents)
- Avoid collisions (define safety)

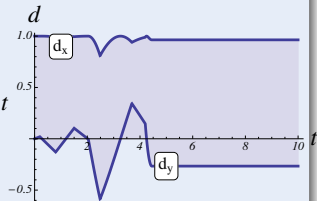
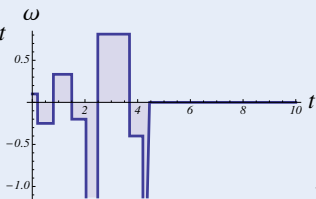
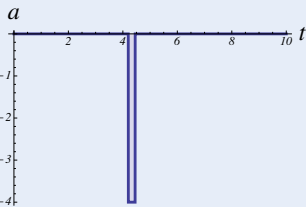
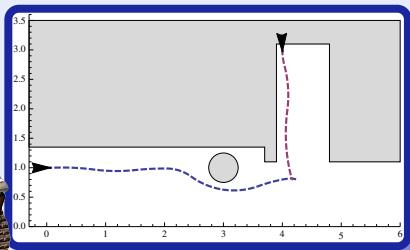


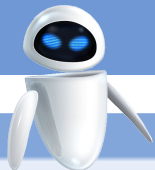


Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

- Dynamic obstacles (other agents)
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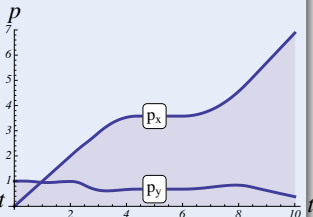
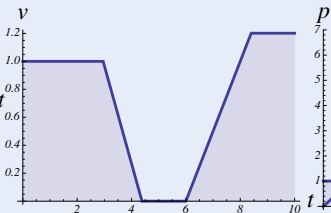
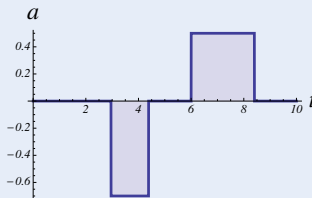
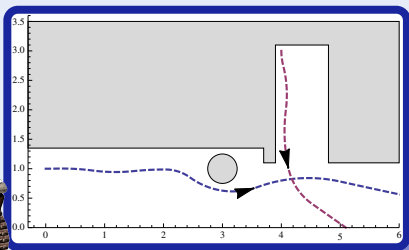


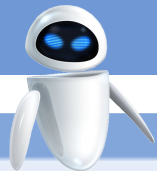


Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

Design & verify controller for a robot avoiding obstacles

- Control robot (respect delays)
- Environment interaction (obstacles, agents, uncertainty)

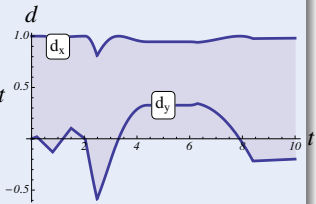
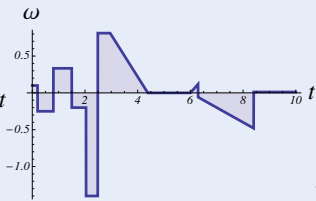
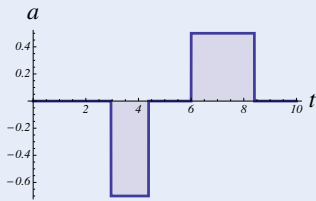
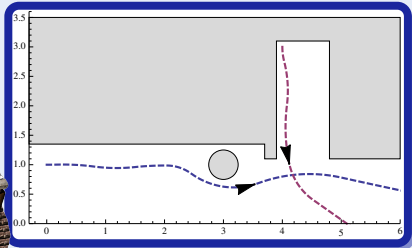




Challenge (Hybrid Systems)

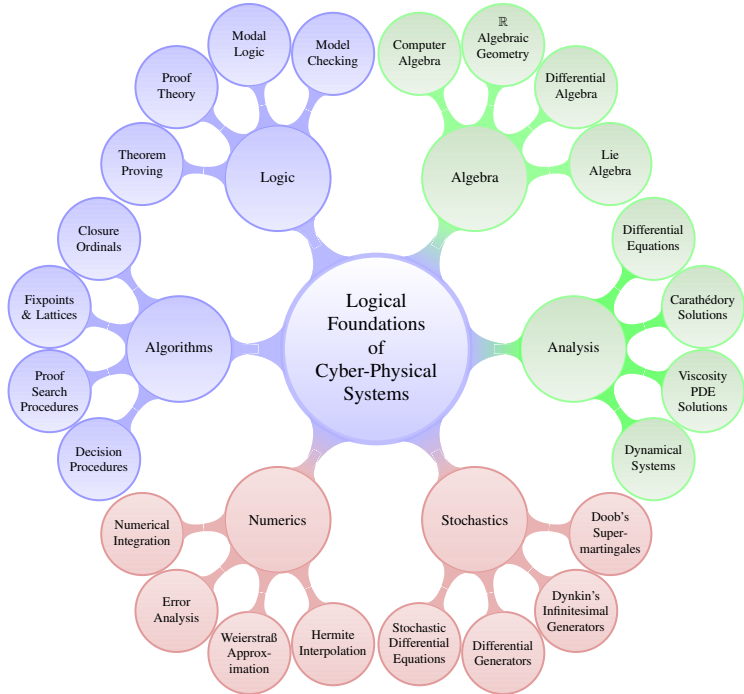
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- 1 CPS: Introduction
 - Hybrid Systems & Cyber-Physical Systems
 - Applications
 - Robot Labs
- 2 15-424: Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems
 - Educational Approach
 - Objectives
 - Outline
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- 3 Approach
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 - CPS Logic
 - Differential Dynamic Logic Family
- 4 Summary





How to Teach Cyber-Physical Systems?

Onion Model

- 1 Going outside in
- 2 Unpeel layer by layer
- 3 Progress when all prereqs are covered
- 4 First study CS \wedge math \wedge engineering
- 5 Talk about CPS in the big finale

Scenic Tour Model

- 1 Start at the heart: CPS
- 2 Go on scenic expeditions into various directions
- 3 Explore the world around us as we find the need
- 4 Stay on CPS the whole time
- 5 Leverage CPS as the guiding motivation for understanding more about connected areas





Logical scrutiny, formalization, and correctness proofs are critical for CPS!

- 1 CPSs are so easy to get wrong.
- 2 These logical aspects are an integral part of CPS design.
- 3 Critical to your understanding of the intricate complexities of CPS.
- 4 Tame complexity by a simple programming language for core aspects.



- Foundations!
- Modeling & Control
 - 1 Understand the core principles behind CPSs.
 - 2 Develop models and controls.
 - 3 Identify the relevant dynamical aspects.
- Computational Thinking
 - 1 Identify safety specifications and critical properties of CPSs.
 - 2 Understand abstraction and system architectures.
 - 3 Learn how to design by invariant.
 - 4 Reason rigorously about CPS models.
 - 5 Verify CPS models of appropriate scale.
- CPS Skills
 - 1 Understand the semantics of a CPS model.
 - 2 Develop an intuition for operational effects.
 - 3 Use higher-level model-predictive control.
- Byproducts
 - 1 Exposure to numerous math areas in action.
 - 2 ...

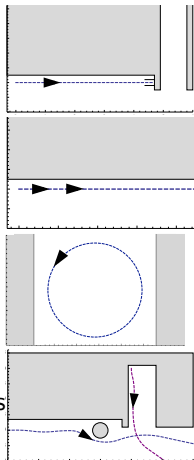


- 1 Cyber-physical systems: introduction
 - 2 Differential equations & domains
 - 3 Choice & control
 - 4 Safety & contracts
 - 5 Dynamical systems & dynamic axioms
 - 6 Truth & proof
 - 7 Control loops & invariants
 - 8 Events & responses
 - 9 Reactions & delays
 - 10 Differential equations & differential invariants
 - 11 Differential equations & proofs
 - 12 Dynamic logic & dynamical systems
-
- 13 Robots / railway / air traffic / car CPS & applications
 - 14 Hybrid systems & hybrid games
 - 15 Virtual substitution & real arithmetic



- Read Collaboration and Academic Integrity Policy ▶ Policy
- $\approx 22\%$ Theory homework Due at **beginning** of lecture
- $\approx 51\%$ Labs, including $\approx 22\%$ final project Due at 22:00
- Whitepaper For final project
- Proposal For final project
- Term paper Due with final project
- $\approx 11\%$ Midterm
- $\approx 11\%$ Final
- $\approx 5\%$ Participation in class and in online comments
- Partner allowed for labs only and only starting in lab 2

- 1 Robot on Rails
 - a Autobots, Roll Out
 - b Charging Station
- 2 Robot on Highways: Follow the Leader
 - a with event-driven control
 - b with time-triggered control
- 3 Robot on Racetracks
 - a stay on the circular racetrack
 - b slow down to avoid collisions
- 4 Robot in a Plane
 - a with obstacle avoidance
 - b Robot vs. Roguebot: don't collide with moving obstacles
- 5 Robot in Star-lab: self-defined final project
- 6 Final project presented at CPS V&V Grand Prix

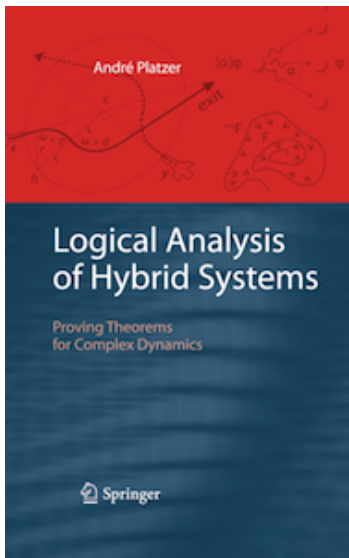


▶ CPS v&V Grand Prix

Prerequisites

15-122 Principles of Imperative Computation
21-122 Integration, Differential Equations, and Approximation
(15-251 Great Theoretical Ideas in Computer Science **or**
21-241 Matrix algebra **or**
18-202 Mathematical Foundations of Electrical Engineering)

- You will be expected to follow extra background reading material as needed.
- Further reading and background material on the course web page
- Check course web page periodically
<http://symbolaris.com/course/fcps16.html>
- KeYmaera X
- Piazza
- Autolab
- Ask!



André Platzer.

Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems.

Lecture notes.

Computer Science Department

Carnegie Mellon University.

<http://symbolaris.com/course/fcps16-schedule.html>



André Platzer.

Logical Analysis of Hybrid Systems.

Springer, 426p., 2010.

DOI 10.1007/978-3-642-14509-4

<http://symbolaris.com/lahs/>

CMU library e-book



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HP Reveal in layers

Contracts

Reason about CPS

@requires($0 \leq x \ \& \ x \leq H \ \& \ v = 0$)

@requires($g > 0 \ \& \ 1 \geq c \geq 0$)

@ensures($0 \leq x \ \& \ x \leq H$)

```
{
  { $x' = v, \ v' = -g, \ x \geq 0$ }
  if ( $x = 0$ ) {
     $v := -c * v;$ 
  }
}* @invariant ( $2 * g * x \leq 2 * g * H - v^2 \ \& \ x \geq 0$ )
```

CPS Simulate for intuition

CT

Design-by-invariant

dL Logic for CPS

Contracts

Reason in Logic

$$\begin{aligned}
 &0 \leq x \ \& \ x \leq H \ \& \ v = 0 \\
 &\ \& \ g > 0 \ \& \ 1 \geq c \geq 0 \\
 \rightarrow & \\
 &[\{ \\
 & \quad \{x' = v, \ v' = -g, \ x \geq 0\} \\
 & \quad \mathbf{if} \ (x = 0) \ \{ \\
 & \quad \quad v := -c * v; \\
 & \quad \} \\
 & \} * \mathbf{@invariant} \ (2 * g * x \leq 2 * g * H - v^2 \ \& \ x \geq 0) \\
 & \] \ (0 \leq x \ \& \ x \leq H)
 \end{aligned}$$

CPS Analyze for precision

CT

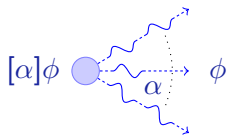
Proof-by-invariant



Dynamic Logics for Dynamical Systems

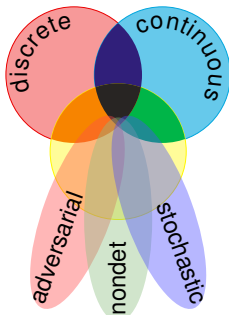
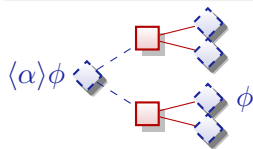
differential dynamic logic

$$d\mathcal{L} = DL + HP$$



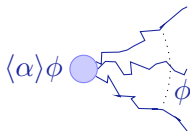
differential game logic

$$dGL = GL + HG$$



stochastic differential DL

$$Sd\mathcal{L} = DL + SHP$$



quantified differential DL

$$Qd\mathcal{L} = FOL + DL + QHP$$



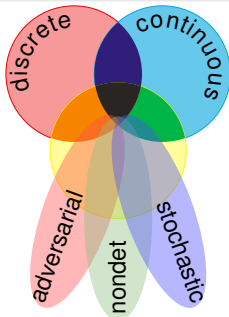
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CPSs are Multi-Dynamical Systems

CPS Dynamics

CPS are characterized by multiple facets of dynamical systems.



CPS Compositions

CPS combine multiple simple dynamical effects.

Tame Parts

Exploiting compositionality tames CPS complexity.



André Platzer.

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